NUMBER

NINETY - ONE

# 'TRADER' SERVICE SHEETS

# BUSH AC23

### 3-VALVE (Plus Rectifier) A.C. RECEIVER

HILE the standard model of the Bush AC23 3-valve (plus rectifier) A.C. receiver is for mains of 200-250 V, a special model is made for supplies of 100-110 V. A Droitwich filter is fitted and provision is made for a gramophone pick-up and an extension speaker, a plug and socket device enabling the internal speaker to be cut out.

#### CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Two alternative aerial connections (A2 to Droitwich rejector L1, C13) via series resistance R1 and input control potentiometer (volume control) R2 to coupling coils L2, L3. Single tuned circuit L4, L5, C14 precedes pentode H.F. amplifier (V1, Mullard metallised VP4), a variable-mu type operating with fixed G.B.

Tuned-anode coupling by L8, L9, C1? to triode detector (V2, Mullard metallised 354V) operating on grid leak system with C4 and R8. Reaction is applied from anode by coils L6, L7 and controlled by variable condenser C16. Provision for connection of gramophone pick-up in grid circuit. H.F. filtering in anode circuit by stopper resistance R11 and by-passes C6, C7.

by-passes Resistance-capacity coupling R10, C8 R12 and to output pentode (V3, Mullard Pen4VB). Tone correction in anode circuit by fixed condenser C10. Provision for connection of highimpedance external speaker across primary of internal speaker transformer T1. Plug socket device enables speech coil circuit of internal speaker to be broken.

H.T. current is supplied by I.H.C. full-wave rectifying valve (V4 Mullard IW3). Smoothing by speaker field coil L12 and dry electrolytic condensers C11, C12.

#### DISMANTLING THE SET

Removing Chassis.—Should it prove necessary to remove the chassis from the cabinet, remove the back (four screws), the four control knobs and the four chassis fixing bolts (with washers). Free the speaker leads from the cleats on the right-hand side of the cabinet, when the chassis can be withdrawn. There is sufficient slack on the speaker leads to

enable normal repairs to be carried out.

To remove the chassis entirely, unsolder the leads on the speaker terminal panel. When replacing, connect the leads as follow, the tags being numbered on the panel:—F and I joined together, red; 2, black; 3, brown; 4, yellow; F, blue.

Removing Speaker.—To remove the

Removing Speaker.—To remove the speaker, unsolder the connecting leads and remove the nuts and washers from the four bolts with ornamental heads holding the speaker to the front of the cabinet. When replacing, see that the transformer is on the right.

#### COMPONENTS AND VALUES

	Resistances		Values (ohms)
RI R2	Aerial series resistance Aerial input control (vol	um al	5,000
	Vi cont. grid circuit sta		75,000
R3 R4	Vi S.G. H.T. feed		100,000
35	Vi G.B. resistance		250
36	VI anode decoupling		30,000
₹7	Gram, pick-up series resi		1,000,000
28			1,000,000
	V2 grid leak V2 anode decoupling	6.40	50,000
39	V2 anode load	1.5	
CIO		1.1	50,000
115	V2 anode H.F. stopper	1.1	20,000
312	V <sub>3</sub> grid resistance	114	500,000
213	V3 grid H.F. stopper V3 G.B. resistance	1.1	100,000
214	V3 G.B. resistance	1.5	180

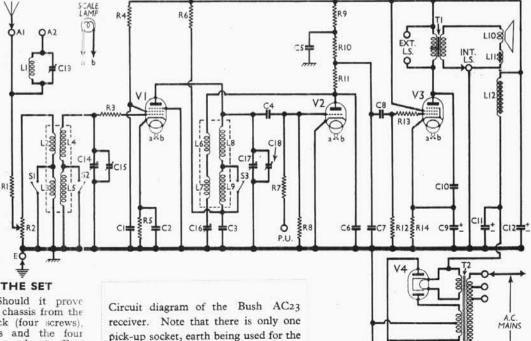
second connection. L1 and C13 form

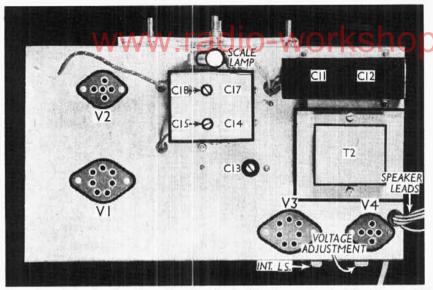
a Droitwich rejector.

	Values (μF)		
C1 C2	V1 S.G. by-pass V1 cathode by-pass		0.1
C3	Vr anode decoupling	110	0.5
C4 C5	V2 grid condenser V2 anode decoupling		0.0001
C6 C7	V2 anode H.F. by-passes	{	0.0003
C8	L.F. coupling to V3	- 6	0.01
9*	V3 cathode by-pass Tone corrector	1.4	0.002
11.	H.T. smoothing	{	8.0
13‡	Droitwich rejector tuning		0.0003
141	Aerial circuit tuning Aerial circuit trimmer		
16	Reaction control	* * *	0.0003
181	V1 anode circuit tuning V1 anode circuit trimmer	100	557

\* Electrolytic † Variable ‡ Pre-set.

	Other Components	Approx. Values (ohms)
Lt L2 L3	Droitwich rejector coil Aerial coupling coils	15·0 1·5 6·4
L4 L5 L6	Aerial tuning coils { Reaction coils, total	3.5 14.5 2.7
L8 L9	Vr anode tuning coils {	3.5
LIO LII LI2	Speaker speech coil	1.8 0.1 2,000.0
Tı	Speaker input trans. { Pri Sec	500·0 0·25
T2	Mains trans.  Pri. total Heater sec. Rect. heat. sec. H.T. sec. total	0.05 0.05 0.0
Sr-S3 S4	Waveband switches Mains switch, ganged R2	=





Plan view of the chassis. C13 adjusts the Droitwich rejector circuit. The "Int. L.S." plug cuts out the internal speaker when necessary.

#### **VALVE ANALYSIS**

Valve voltages and currents given in the table below were measured with the receiver operating on mains of 220 V, using the 220 V tapping. The volume control was at maximum and the reaction control was at minimum, but there was no signal input.

Voltages were measured on the 1,200 V scale of an Avometer, with chassis as negative.

Valve	Anode Volts	Anode Current (mA)	Screen Volts	Screen Current (mA)
Vi VP4	150	4.2	80	2.1
V2 354V V3 Pen4VB V4 IW3	50 275 330†	34.0	300	4:1

† Each anode, A.C.

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

**Switches.**—The waveband switches, **\$1-83**, are ganged in a single unit beneath the chassis, and are all *closed* on the M.W. band, and *open* on the L.W. band.

**84** is the Q.M.B. mains switch, ganged with the volume control **R2**.

Coils.—L1, the Droitwich rejector coil, is unscreened, and is beneath the chassis. The remaining coils are in two screened units mounted horizontally, also beneath the chassis. Note that the second of these also contains the fixed condenser C4.

The screens are held in position by "bayonet" catches, and can be removed fairly easily.

External Speaker.—There is provision for connecting a high resistance external speaker across the primary of T1, two sockets being fitted at the rear of the chassis.

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Internal L.S. Switching.—A plug and socket at the rear of the chassis disconnects the internal speaker when required, removal of the plug breaking the secondary circuit of T1.

Pick-up Connection.—A single socket marked "Gram.," is provided at the rear of the chassis, to which one lead from a pick-up may be connected. The other lead must be taken to the earth socket or to the chassis.

Scale Lamp.—This is an Osram M.E.S. type, rated at 6.2 V, 0.3 A.

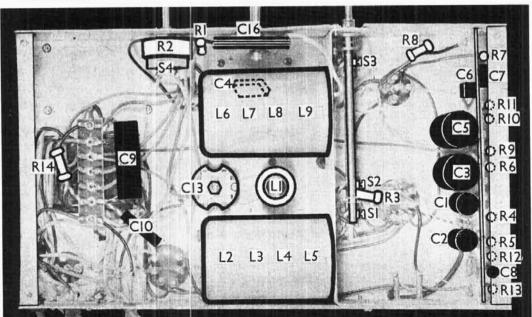
Trimmer C13.—The Droitwich rejector circuit is tuned by C13, which may be adjusted either above or beneath the chassis.

Resistances R1, R3.—These are encased in rubber sleeving for insulation

purposes.

Condensers C11, C12.—These are two 8 µF dry electrolytics in a single unit with a common negative (black) lead. The red lead to the tag leading to one of the V4 filament sockets is the positive of C11, while the remaining red lead is the positive of C12.

Condenser C10.— This is returned to the cathode of V3 and not to chassis, as shown in the makers' diagram.



Under - chassis view. C4 is inside the L6-L9 coil unit. The simple wavechange switch unit is clearly indicated.

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