## NUMBERWIOT

# TRADER' SERVICE SHEETS

# BUSH SB3

## 4-VALVE BATTERY SUPERHET

THE Bush SB3 battery superhet receiver has an octode frequency changer, a variable-mu pentode I.F. amplifier, a double diode and a pentode output valve. An interesting point is that the double diode is of the Indirectly heated cathode type.

### CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Aerial input via coupling coils L1, L2 to inductively-coupled band-pass filter. Primary L3, L4 tuned by C15; secondary L6, L7 tuned by C18; coupling coils L8, L9. Image suppression by coil L5 and condenser C1. Local-distant switch S1 shunts aerial-earth circuit with resistance R1 in "local" position, thus reducing sensitivity of receiver.

First valve (V1, Mullard metallised FC2) is an octode operating as frequency changer with electron coupling. Oscillator grid coils L10, L11 tuned by C20; tracking by shaped condenser vanes and condensers C5, C23 (L.W.); oscillator anode reaction coils L12, L13.

Second valve, a variable-mu H.F. pentode (V2, Mullard metallised VP2), operates as intermediate frequency amplifier with tuned-primary tuned-secondary transformer couplings L14, L15 and L16, L17.

#### Intermediate frequency 123 KC/S.

Diode second detector forms part of separate I.H.C. double diode valve (V3, Mullard metallised 2D2). Second diode,

fed from **V2** anode by **C9**, provides D.C. potential which is developed across **R10** and fed back as G.B. to F.C. and I.F. valves, giving automatic volume control.

Audio-frequency output from rectifier diode is developed across manual volume control R8 and passed via C11 to C.G. of output pentode (V4, Mullard PM22D). Tone correction in anode circuit by fixed condenser C13. Provision for connection of gramophone pick-up across volume control and for external high-impedance speaker across primary of internal speaker transformer T1. Plug and socket device enables internal speaker speech coil circuit to be broken.

G.B. for **V4** is obtained automatically from voltage drop along **R12** in common H.T. negative line.

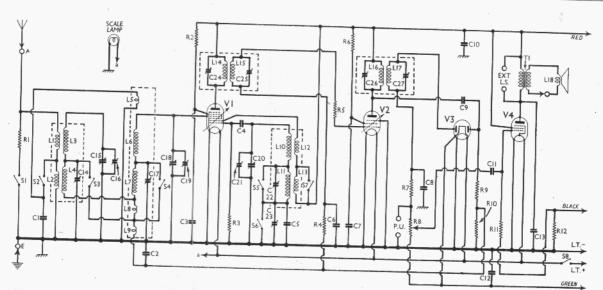
#### COMPONENTS AND VALUES

	Resistances	Values (ohms)
R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9 R10 R11	Acrial-earth shunt VI S.G.'s H.T. feed VI oscillator C.G. resistance. V2 C.G. decoupling V2 C.G. circuit stabiliser V2 S.G. H.T. feed I.F. stopper Signal diode load; vol. control A.V.C. diode load V4 C.G. resistance Auto G.B. resistance.	50 70,000 70,000 1,000,000 5,000 50,000 50,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000

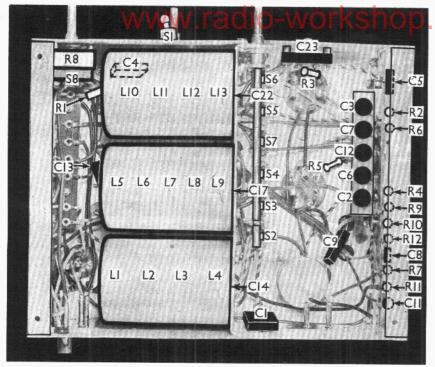
C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 C10	Part of image suppression circuit  VI pentode C.G. decoupling  VI S.G.'s by-pass  V1 oscillator C.G. condenser  Oscillator L.W. tracker, fixed  V2 C.G. decoupling  V2 S.G. by-pass  I.F. by-pass	0.01 0.1 0.0002 0.0011 0.1
C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 C10	cuit VI pentode C.G. decoupling VI S.G.'s by-pass VI oscillator C.G. condenser Oscillator L.W. tracker, fixed V2 C.G. decoupling V2 S.G. by-pass I.F. by-pass	0.1 0.00011 0.1 0.1
C <sub>3</sub> C <sub>4</sub> C <sub>5</sub> C <sub>6</sub> C <sub>7</sub> C <sub>8</sub> C <sub>9</sub> C <sub>10</sub>	VI pentode C.G. decoupling VI S.G.'s by-pass VI oscillator C.G. condenser Oscillator L.W. tracker, fixed V2 C.G. decoupling V2 S.G. by-pass I.F. by-pass	0.1 0.00011 0.1 0.1
C <sub>3</sub> C <sub>4</sub> C <sub>5</sub> C <sub>6</sub> C <sub>7</sub> C <sub>8</sub> C <sub>9</sub> C <sub>10</sub>	VI S.G.'s hy-pass VI oscillator C.G. condenser Oscillator L.W. tracker, fixed V2 C.G. decoupling V2 S.G. by-pass I.F. by-pass	0.1 0.00011 0.0002
C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9	VI oscillator C.G. condenser Oscillator L.W. tracker, fixed V2 C.G. decoupling V2 S.G. by-pass I.F. by-pass	0.0001 0.0001
C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 C10	Oscillator L.W. tracker, fixed V2 C.G. decoupling V2 S.G. by-pass I.F. by-pass	0.0011
C6 C7 C8 C9 C10	V2 C.G. decoupling V2 S.G. by-pass I.F. by-pass	0.1
C7 C8 C9	V2 S.G. by-pass	
C8 C9 C10	V2 S.G. by-pass	0.1
C10	I.F. by-pass	
Cio		0.0001
	Coupling to V <sub>3</sub> A.V.C. diode	0.0001
Crr	H.T. reservoir	2.0
CII	L.F. coupling to V <sub>4</sub>	0.01
C12	A.V.C. delay voltage circuit	
	by-pass	0.1
Cr3	Tone corrector	0.003
C14#	Band-pass pri. L.W. trimmer	
C15†	Band-pass primary tuning	No.
Cr6‡	Band-pass pri. main trimmer	
C17#	Band-pass sec. L.W. trimmer	
C18+	Band-pass secondary tuning	
Cró#	Band-pass sec. main trimmer	
C20†	Oscillator tuning	
C21‡	Oscillator main trimmer	
C22‡	Oscillator L.W. trimmer	
C23‡	Oscillator L.W. tracker	
	ist I.F. trans. pri. tuning	
	ist I.F. trans. sec. tuning	
	2nd I.F. trans. pri. tuning	
	2nd I.F. trans. sec. tuning	

† Variable. ‡ Pre-set.

Other Components	Approx. Values (ohms)
$\begin{bmatrix} L_1 \\ L_2 \end{bmatrix}$ Aerial coupling coils	{ 6.0
$\begin{bmatrix} L_3 \\ L_4 \end{bmatrix}$ Band-pass primary coils	3.2



Circuit diagram of the Bush SB3 battery superhet. Note the arrangement of the battery leads and the bias resistor R12.



Under-chassis view. C4 is inside the L10-L13 unit. C14, C17 and C22 are adjustable through holes in the partition carrying the coil units.

Other Components (contd	Approx. Values (ohms)
	S ( 3.55 0.55 3.55 8.55 2.25 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 2.00

#### DISMANTLING THE SET

Removing Chassis.—Remove the back and the batteries, and then the three control knobs (recessed grub screws) and the four chassis fixing bolts (with washers). Next free the battery and speaker leads from the cleats holding them to the cabinet. The chassis can now be withdrawn to the extent of the speaker leads, which is adequate for normal purposes.

To free the chassis entirely, unsolder the leads from the speaker terminal panel. The tags on this panel are numbered and when replacing the leads, they should be connected as follow: 1, red; 2, green; 3, black; 4, yellow.

**Removing Speaker.**—To remove the speaker, the nuts and washers should be removed from the four bolts with ornamental heads, which hold the speaker

to the front of the cabinet. When replacing, see that the transformer is at the bottom.

## VALVE ANALYSIS

Valve	Anode Volts	Anode Current (mA)	Screen Volts	Screen Curren (mA)
Vi FC2*	133	0.7	54	0.8
V2 VP2	133	2.4	120	0.7
V3 2D2 V4 PM22D	130	4.9	133	0.0

\* Osc. anode (G2) 133V, 0.9 mA.

Valve voltages and currents given in the table above are those measured in our receiver when it was operating from a

new 129 V H.T. and 9 V G.B. battery. Both the volume and sensitivity controls were at maximum and the receiver was

Plan view of the chassis. Note the dual I.F. trimmers. C10 is a paper condenser.

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tuned to the lowest wavelength on the medium band, but there was no signal

Voltages were measured on the 1,200 V scale of an Avometer, with chassis as negative.

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

**Switches.—S1** is the Q.M.B. "local-distant" switch located at the front of the chassis. This is *closed* when the knob is to the left ("local").

**\$2-\$7** are the waveband switches ganged in a single unit beneath the chassis. They are all closed on the M.W. band and open on the L.W. band. Incidentally, **\$5** and **\$7** in our chassis are transposed in relation to their positions in the makers' service instructions. We show the positions as we found them.

**\$8** is the Q.M.B. L.T. switch, ganged with the volume control **R8**.

Coils.—All the coils, except the I.F. units, are in three screened units beneath the chassis. The screens have bayonet fittings, but in each case there is an obstacle in the way of their removal. Note that the L10-L13 unit also contains C4. In the middle unit L5 is held to the inside of the screen, and one connection of it goes to the screen.

The I.F. units, **L14**, **L15** and **L16**, **L17** are in two screens on the chassis deck, each with a dual concentric type of trimmer unit, of which the nut adjusts the primary and the central screw the secondary.

**Scale Lamp.**—This is an Osram M.E.S. type, rated at 3.5 V, 0.15 A.

**External Speaker.**—Two sockets at the rear of the chassis are provided for a high resistance type (20,000 O). A plug and socket device disconnects the speech coil of the internal speaker if desired.

Battery Leads and Voltages.—Black rubber lead, spade tag, L.T.—; Brown rubber lead, spade tag, L.T.+2 V; Black braided lead, GB—9 V tapping; Green braided lead, H.T.+4.5 V tapping; Red braided lead, H.T.+ tapping (max.).

**Batteries.**—L.T., Exide CZH2 celluloid cased 2 V cell. H.T. and G.B., Drydex 129 V H.T.+9 V G.B.

