SERVICE MANUAL

Price 6d.

CONFIDENTIAL.

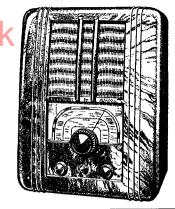
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SERVICE DEPT., E. K. COLE LTD., SOUTHEND-ON-SEA, ESSEX.

Telephone: Southend 49491.



MODELS AW 70 & TRG 502.

Scottish Service Depot: 27, Cadogan Street, Glasgow, C.2.

Manchester Service Depot: Bombay House, 59, Whitworth Street.

(Goods address: 7, Bombay Street.)

Bristol Service Depot: 14, Redcross Street.

Telephone: Central 5357/8/9. Telephone: Central 6711/2.

Telephone:

Bristol 22269.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: Model AW70 is a fourvalve (including rectifier) all-wave superheterodyne for use on 200/250 volt 40/60 cycle A.C. mains.

VALVES: VI-Mullard ECH3 (frequency changer); V2 -Mullard EF9 (I.F. amplifier); V3-Mullard EBL1 (detector—AVC—LF amplifier); V4—AZI Mullard (rectifier). NOTE: The heater voltage for V1, V2 and V3 is 6.3 volts.

WAVE RANGES: Short wave 15/50 metres (20/6 Mcs), Medium waves 190/560 metres, Long waves 900/2,000 metres.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY: 126.5 Kcs.

MAINS CONSUMPTION: 42 watts.

DIAL LAMP: 6.5v. .35 amp. type (A5767). It is important that lower rated lamps are not used as supply is 6.3 volts R.M.S.

CIRCUIT DETAILS: For S.W. reception the aerial is aperiodically coupled to the tuned grid circuit of V1, whilst capacitive coupling and inductive coupling are used respectively for M.W. and L.W. input to bandpass tuning circuit. The oscillator circuit is conventional, using the triode section of V1.

The I.F. output of VI is transformer coupled to V2, amplified and again transformer coupled to the rectifier diode of V3. The L.F. component of the rectified signal is taken off from the low potential end of the second I.F. transformer secondary circuit and applied via R9, C31, VR1 to the pentode section of V3 for final amplification. A permanent magnet speaker is used, and is transformer coupled.

A small percentage of the signal voltage is transferred from V2 anode circuit by C26 to the remaining diode of V3. The D.C. voltage output of this diode circuit is used for A.V.C., being applied to the grid circuits of V1 and V2.

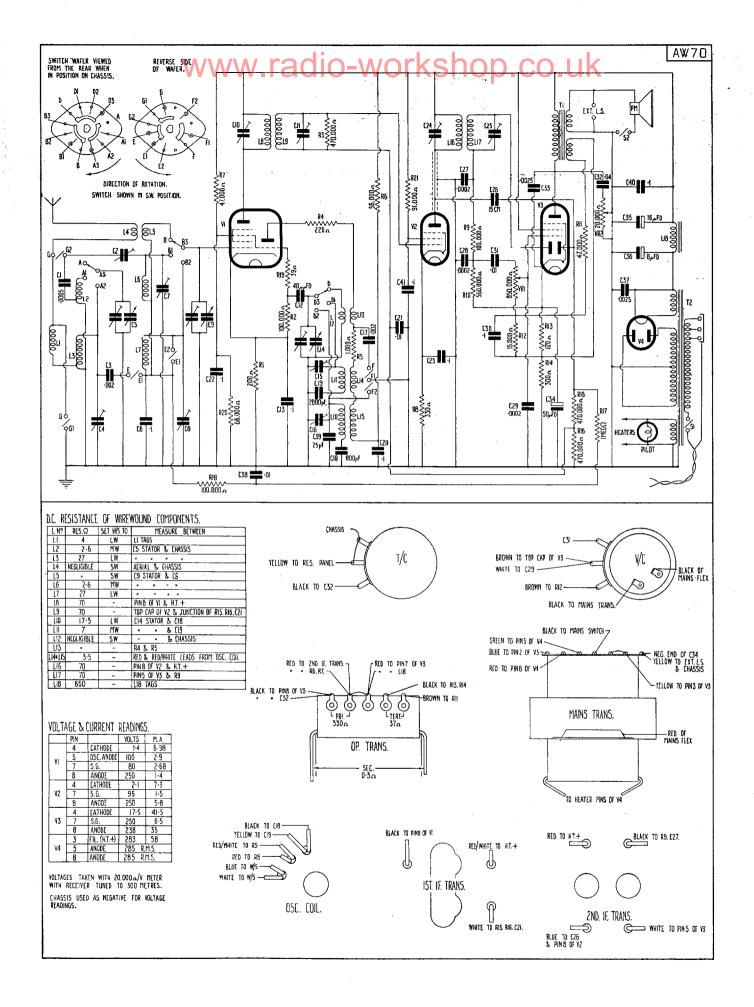
The tertiary winding on the O.P. transformer is regeneratively connected and care should be taken when replacing this component to connect the leads correctly It will be noticed in the table of voltage readings that the cathode voltage of V3 is given as 17.5v., which may be misleading. The actual bias voltage is about 7.5v., for as can be seen on the circuit diagram, the grid return lead connects not to chassis but to a tapping on the cathode circuit. This tapped point is approximately 10v. above chassis.

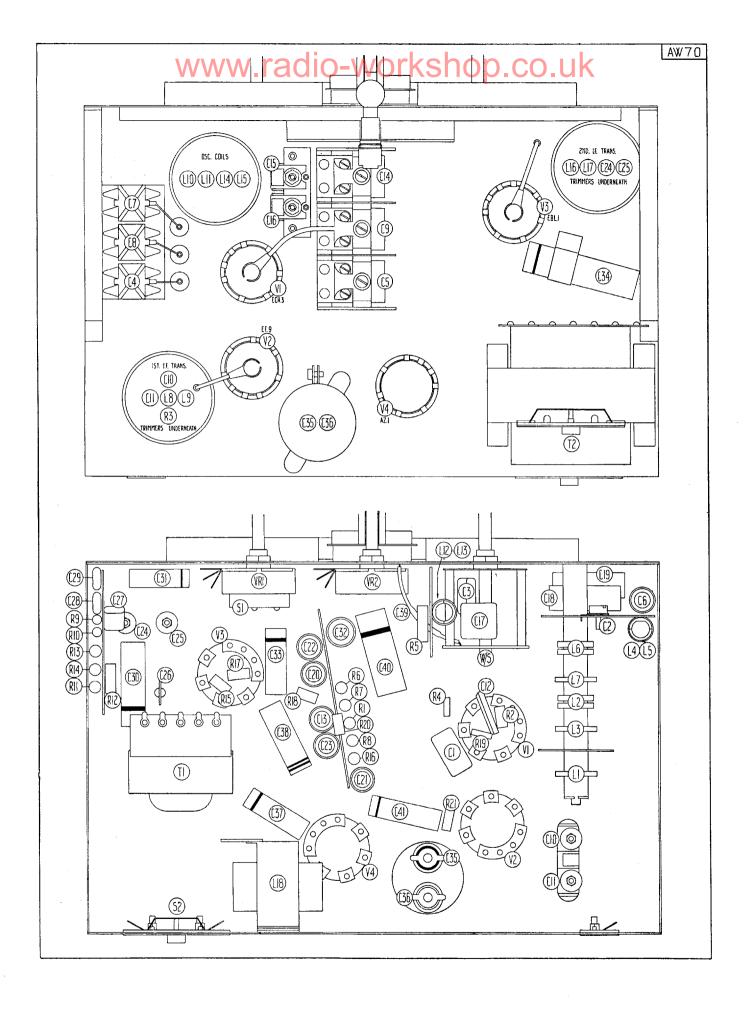
The external speaker sockets are connected across the O.P. transformer secondary, and an additional speaker should have a speech coil impedance of about 3 ohms. The same type of speaker as fitted in the receiver is advised for use externally when one only is to be used.

CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT: This operation must only be carried out in conjunction with a service oscillator of known accuracy. To ensure reliable results the calibration and output levels of service oscillators should be checked frequently, and in any event not less often than once every six months. The "on load" voltage of batteries in battery-driven oscillators should be reqularly measured, and new batteries fitted as soon as the voltage falls below rated pressure.

I.F. ALIGNMENT: The trimmers of both I.F. transformers are located at the bottoms of the coil assemblies and are adjustable from beneath the chassis.

Switch to L.W., close the gang, turn the volume control and tone control to maximum and connect O.P. meter. Inject 126.5 Kcs. signal between grid of ECH3 and





chassis, using minimum signal input consistent with with reliable meter reading. Adjust all I.F. trimmers for maximum output. The receiver controls should not be altered, any signal variation being made by adjusting the service oscillator. Now connect the service oscillator to A.E. sockets and readjust trimmers.

CALIBRATION: Fully mesh the gang and adjust the pointer level with the lines terminating the L.F. ends of the scale. Switch to S.W. and tune set to 20 Mcs. Inject a 20 Mcs. signal from service oscillator and adjust C14 (gang trimmer) for maximum output coincident with correct calibration. Now tune the set to 15 Mcs., inject a signal of this frequency and adjust C9 (gang trimmer) for maximum output,

Switch to M.W. and tune set to 200 metres. Inject 1,500 Kcs. signal and trim oscillator circuit by means of C15 (alongside gang). Tune set to 250 metres, inject 1,200 Kcs. signal and adjust C5 (gang trimmer) and C7 for maximum output.

Switch to L.W. and tune set to 1,300 metres. Inject 230 Kcs. signal and adjust C16 for maximum output with correct calibration, then adjust both L.W. bandpass trimmers C4 and C8 for maximum output. Calibration should be checked at the L.F. ends of each wave-band, which should be correct if the calibration adjustments are accurately carried out. If an error is present, realignment should be carried out again to check possible errors before suspecting components.

IMAGE REJECTION: C2 is provided for this purpose and can be adjusted from the front of the chassis. The trimmer should be adjusted for maximum rejection with 1,000 Kcs. input and receiver tuned to 747 Kcs. Repeat M.W. adjustments.

CHASSIS REMOVAL: Remove the back cover and the control knobs, then remove the four 2BA screws from the base of the cabinet and draw chassis clear.

The TRG502 embodies the same chassis as the AW70, there being little difference beyond the inclusion of the switching necessary to change from radio to gram. operation.

The R.G. switch when turned to GRAM. operates as follows: (1) Breaks the H.T. feed to the oscillator circuits. (2) Disconnects the grid return lead of V2 from the AVC circuit and reconnects it to one side of the pick-up. (3) Removes s/c across an additional resistor R23 in V2 screen grid circuit. (4) Disconnects VR1 from C31 and reconnects to C42.

TRG502 WW. radio-Wo Briefly, the gram, circuit is as follows: Input to V2 grid is amplified by a triode arrangement of V2, the

S.G. electrode being used as an anode and its output coupled by C42 to the pentode section of V3 for final amplification.

To convert the AW70 circuit (as printed) to the TRG502 circuit diagram, the diagram marked TRG502 should be detached from the manual and carefully trimmed (with a razor blade and steel straight edge) so that the line work terminates at the edge of the paper. The switch diagram may be left on the strip. The diagram is now ready to place over the AW70 circuit diagram so that V2 of one coincides with V2 of the other. When correctly positioned the line work of the top diagram will coincide exactly with the under diagram. The top strip should be gummed along its top edge only and set in position so that the two circuits may be easily changed over.

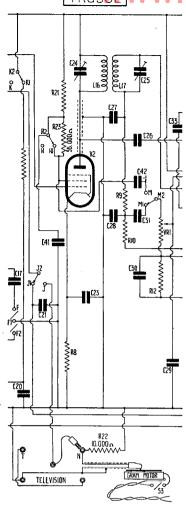
CHASSIS REMOVAL: Remove back cover and front control knobs. Unscrew the motor switch and tone control and lower both to rest on the chassis. Next unsolder the motor leads (which should be taped up for safety), then the yellow and green leads from the T and N panel at rear. Remove the four 2BA screws in the base of the cabinet, and chassis may now be withdrawn to the extent of the speaker leads, which should be sufficient to enable tests to be carried out.

SERVICE PROCEDURE.

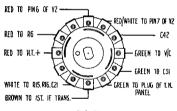
Before consigning a receiver to any Ekco service depot, make quite certain that the trouble is not due to a faulty valve or other very minor defect, otherwise a minimum charge of 7/6 will be made for expenses in testing, handling, packing and carriage.

If it proves necessary to return a receiver or component part, the customer's guarantee registration card must be enclosed. Free repairs to a receiver, or replacement of a component part, cannot be effected if the guarantee has expired or the instrument has not been registered by the customer. In the latter connection please note that cards forwarded to us must be those originally issued with the receiver concerned. If they are not available for any reason, application should be made to us for duplicates. Altered cards taken from other receivers will not be accepted by us for registration purposes.

Stock receivers, or parts thereof, returned for repair must include the instruction booklet and blank guarantee card.







R-G SWITCH

www.radiongrustkshop.co.uk.

MISCELLANEOUS.					
Description.		Retail		Dark Ma	Poto:1
I	E10206		Description.	Part No.	Retail
Back Cover (AW70 only) Baffle (AW70 only)	E10206 E10205	2/6 1/6	77 1 m / c	DP2091 DP2399	9d. 6d.
Cabinet (AW70 only)	DP2397	30/-	T 1 1	DP2399 D8761/1	30/-
Coil Assembly—Bandpass L1, 2,	101 2007	307	λ / τ 1	D070171	$\frac{30}{-}$
3, 4, 5, 6, 7, C2	SA355/1	14/6	TNU . T	A5767	9d.
Coil Assembly — Oscillator	,	,	T)'1 , T	A6227	9d.
(M.W. & L.W.) L10, 11, 14, 15	SA353	6/	Pointer	A10186	6d.
Coil Assembly — Oscillator	D D 2 1 2 2			D10256	2/-
(S.W.) L12, 13	DP 242 9	1/6		C10219	2/6
Coil Assembly—1st I.F. L8, 9,	DP2437	E /6	Transformer — Mains (AW)		177 16
C10, 11, R3 Coil Assembly—2nd I.F. L16, 17,	DF 2 4 37	5/6		SA35/4	17/6
001.05	DP2417	5/6	371 TT 11 (/TS)) (B) O	SA242 A4126	7/6
C24, 25	SA278	3/6 4/6		A4126 C10218	1/- 5/-
Knob—Tuning	DP2409	1/6	117 1 0 1 1	C10218	5/-
Knob—W/C	DP2400	9d.	TT7* 1	C10152	9d.
,			TRG502 Only.		<i>-</i>
Back Cover	E10399	3/-	D G G 1: 1 TT 1	DP2465	L.O
C-1::	DP2462 £3,		C 1. 1 T 1! .	4 1 0 1 0 1	9d. 2d.
Needle Cup	D5208	6d.	7D () ()	A10401	17/6
R.G. Switch	B10309	2/6	m a	C10310	2/6
				510010	<u>-</u> , ·
D		ONDEN		D 17	
Description.		Retail	Description.	$Part\ No.$	Retail
C10005 mfd	A6516	10d.		A5925	1/-
C2 (See B.P. Assembly)			600	B8905	9d.
	A5274	1/-	C20 0002 41	B8905	9d.
C5, 9, 14, Gang Condenser	C10171	15/		B8905	9d.
(and Drive)	C101 7 1 A3844	15/- 1/4	C21 01 11	A3844 A3846	1/4
C61 mtd, C1200004	A5747	8d.	C22 04 £1	DG4C*	1/- 1/3
C131	A3844	1/4	C22 002f (1:	B848/ B3684	$\frac{1}{6}$
	B10204	$\hat{3}/-$	C24 FO : 61	B6304	$\frac{1}{2}/9$
	A5274	1/-	C2F C2C 1C 0 C1	C9077	$\frac{1}{7}/6$
C18 800 pf	B8411	1/6	C370025 mfd	В3684	1/6
C19 2,000 pf	B8412	1/6		A3846	1/-
C201 mfd	A3844	1/4		DP2435	6d.
C2101 mfd	A3846	1/-	C401 mfd	A5044	1/6
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	A3844	$\frac{1}{4}$	C411 mfd	A3844	1/4
C231	A3844	1/4	C421 mfd. TRG502 or	ıly A3844	1/4
RESISTORS.					
Description.	Part No. 1	Retail	Description.	Part No.	Retail
R1 200 ohms	142/8	3d.	R13 120 ohms	137/8	3d.
R2 100,000 ohms	86/9	3d.	R14 300 ohms	146/8	3d.
R3 470,000 ohms	94/9	3d.	R15 470,000 ohms	94/9	3d.
R4 220 ohms	54/8	3d.	R16 470,000 ohms	94/9	3d.
R5 1,000 ohms	62/8	3d.	R17 1 megohm	98/9	3d.
R6 56,000 ohms R7 47,000 ohms	83/9 82/8	3d. 3d.	R18 100,000 ohms R19 39 ohms	86/9	3d.
R/ 4/,000 ohms R8 330 ohms	82/8 56/8	3d. 3d.	D00 (0.000 1	45/7A 84/9	3d. 3d.
R9 100,000 ohms	86/9	3d.	R20 68,000 ohms R21 91,000 ohms	230/9	3d.
R10 560,000 ohms	95/94.	3d.	R22 10,000 ohms) TRG		3d.
R11 47,000 ohms	82/9	3d.	R23 56,000 ohms onl		3d.
R12 15,000 ohms	76/9	3d.	23,000 011112	J/-	Ju,
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NOTE.—All prices are retail and are subject to 33½% only to EKCO Registered Dealers. Prices are liable to alteration without notice.