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SHEET

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3-BAND BATTERY RECEIVER

A SHORT wave range of 18-50 metres is covered by the Marconiphone 375 3-valve battery operated all-wave receiver.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Three alternative aerial input connections. A1 and A3 include Droitwich rejector L1, C1, C18; A3 has series resistance R1 and is for use in areas close to powerful transmitters; A2 is directly connected to series condenser C3.

connected to series condenser **C3**.

On M.W. and L.W. coil **L3** couples aerial to single tuned circuit **L4**, **L5**, **C22**, which precedes variable-mu tetrode H.F. amplifier (**V1**, **Marconi metallised VS24**). Gain control by **R2** which varies G.B. applied and also reduces aerial input.

On S.W., switch **\$1** connects **V1** C.G. to **L2** which forms choke input circuit, and the G.B. applied is fixed.

Tuned-anode coupling by L6, C23 (S.W.), L6, L8, C23 (M.W.) and L6, L8, L9, C23 (L.W.) between V1 and tetrode detector valve (V2, Marconi metallised V824) operating on grid leak system.

VS24) operating on grid leak system.

On M.W. and L.W. reaction is applied from anode by coil L10 and controlled by pre-set condenser C27 and pre-set variable resistance R7. On S.W. reaction is applied by coil L7 and controlled by variable condenser C28, which forms volume control.

Parallel-fed transformer coupling by R10, C16 and T1 between V2 and pentode output valve (V3, Marconi PT2). Ratio of transformer is increased to 1-7 on S.W. by means of switches S13, S14, S15. Provision for connection of gramophone pick-up across primary of T1. Fixed tone correction by condenser C17 in V3 anode circuit.

DISMANTLING THE SET

Removing Chassis.—Remove the five control knobs first, and then the four smaller bolts (with washers and spring washers) holding the chassis to the bottom of the cabinet. The former may, and should, have been removed already, as they are transit bolts.

The chassis can now be withdrawn to the extent of the speaker leads, which is sufficient for normal purposes.

Removing Speaker.—
To remove the speaker from the cabinet, remove the two bolts (with washers) holding the speaker cross bar to the cabinet. When replacing, see that the terminal strip is on the right.

COMPONENTS AND VALUES

RESIS	TANCES		Values (ohms)
R2 VI gain co R3 Gain contr VI G.B. ci R5 VI anode c M.W., L.W Control R8 V2 grid les R9 V2 S.G. H R10 V2 anode l V2 anode l	ol fixed min. rcuit decoupling lecoupling '., reaction stabil V. pre-set react k T. feed	ion	10,000 100,000 23,000 1,000 500 3,000 2,300,000 50,000 50,000 10,000 1,000

	CONDENSERS	Values (µF)
C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C6 C9 C10 C11 C13 C14 C15 C16 C16 C17 C22 C22 C22 C22 C22 C22 C22 C22 C22 C2	Droitwich rejector tuning, fixed Aerial series condensers Vr C.G. decoupling (S.W.) Vr C.G. decoupling (M.W., L.W.) Vr G.B. circuit decoupling Vr S.G. by-pass H.T. supply by-pass Vr anode decoupling M.W., L.W. series reaction cond. V2 C.G. condenser V2 S.G. by-pass V2 anode H.F. by-passes L.F. coupling to Tr Tone corrector Droitwich rejector tuning Aerial M.W. trimmer Aerial L.W. trimmer Aerial circuit tuning Vr anode circuit tuning Vr anode S.W. trimmer Vr anode M.W. trimmer Vr anode M.W. trimmer Vr anode M.W. trimmer Pre-set reaction control, M.W., L.W.	0.00035 0.00023 0.0005 0.00005 0.000075 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.000075 0.1 0.000075 0.1 0.0000075 0.1 0.00000000000000000000000000000000
C28†	Reaction control, S.W	0.0003

† Variable. ‡ Pre-set.

OTHER COMPONENTS	Approx. Values (ohms)
Lit Speaker speech coil Tr Intervalve trans. Pri Sec. tots Pri Sec.	4°0 7'0 3 { 2°0 0 16'0 0 0°1 0 0°5 1 2°0 16'5 1 15'5 1 2000

VALVE ANALYSIS

Valve voltages and currents given in the table below are those measured in our receiver when it was operating with an H.T. battery reading 175 V overall. The receiver was tuned to the lowest wavelength on the medium band and the volume control was at maximum. There was no signal input.

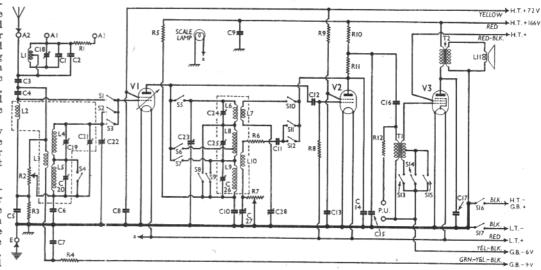
Voltages were measured on the 1,200 V scale of an Avometer, chassis being negative.

Valve	Anode	Anode	Screen	Screen
	Voltage	Current	Voltage	Current
	(V)	(mA)	(V)	(mA)
V1 VS24 V2 VS24 V3 PT2	140 70 155	1.6 1.3 2.0	70 40 132*	0·5 0·5

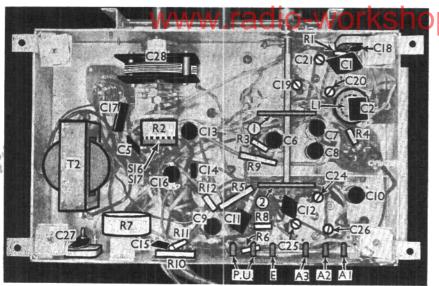
* This figure will vary according to the grading of the valve. That in our receiver was an "X" type.

GENERAL NOTES

Switches.—\$1-\$15 are the wavechange, reaction circuit and L.F. transformer switches, in two rotary units ganged



Circuit diagram of the Marconiphone 375 3-band battery receiver.



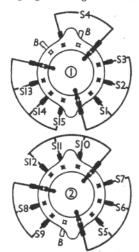
Under-chassis view. Diagrams of the switch units are given below. Note the various trimmer screws.

together beneath the chassis. These are indicated in our under-chassis view by numbers in circles, and the arrows show the directions in which they are viewed in the diagrams on this page.

The table below gives the switch positions for the various control settings, O indicating open, and C closed.

Switch	S.W.	M.W.	L.W.
S1 S2 S3 S4 S5 S6 S7 S8 S9 S11 S12 S12 S13 S14 S15	0000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000

\$16 and \$17 are two Q.M.B. battery switches, ganged with gain control R2.



Switch diagrams, looking from the rear of the underside of the chassis.

The two upper tags are joined together and to chassis. The right-hand bottom tag is the other connection of \$16, and the left-hand bottom tag that of \$17.

Coils .- L1, the Droitwich rejector coil is beneath the chassis in a special bakelite moulding. L2-L5 and L6-L10 are in two screened units on the chassis deck. Note that the first of these also contains the fixed condensers C3, C4. The various trimmers are in the bases of the coils, and are adjustable by screws beneath the chassis.

Scale Lamp.—This is an Osram M.E.S. type with a tubular bulb. It is rated at 2.0 V, 0.1 A.

External Speaker.—No provision is made for this, but a low resistance (40) type could be connected across the internal speaker speech coil.

Batteries.—L.T., Exide D.F.G., 2V 45 AH glass cased cell. H.T. and G.B., Marconiphone 166 V H.T. plus 9 V G.B., Cat. No. 550 A.

Battery Leads and Voltages.—Black lead, spade tag, L.T. negative; Red lead, spade tag, L.T. positive 2 V; Black lead and plug, H.T. negative, G.B.

positive; Yellow lead and plug, H.T. positive, 72 Y Red/black lead and plug, H.T. positive, voltage to be 15 V below that coinciding with letter marked on V3 (e.g., if V3 is marked "X," voltage should be 132 V); Red lead and plug, H.T. positive 166 V; Yellow/black lead and plug, G.B. negative 6 V; Green/ yellow/black lead and plug, G.B. negative 9 V.

CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT

The pointer should be horizontal at both minimum and maximum of the gang condenser, and the scale should be positioned so that the 800 m. calibration mark is exactly 1 in. above the pointer with the condenser at minimum.

M.W.—Set C27 (rear of chassis) to minimum, R7 (rear of chassis) to midposition and volume control to maximum. Switch set to M.W., tune to 250 m. on scale and inject a 250 m. signal into A2 and E sockets. Adjust C19 and C25 (beneath chassis) for maximum output. Tune receiver to 200 m. and screw up C27 just short of oscillation, rocking gang between minimum and 250 m. Tune receiver to 350 m. and adjust R7 for maximum output without oscillation. Return to 250 m. on scale, and re-adjust C19 and C25 on a 250 m. input. Check up that receiver does not oscillate at any point on scale.

L.W.-Switch set to L.W., tune to 1,500 m. on scale, feed in a 1,500 m. signal and adjust C20 and C26 for

maximum output.

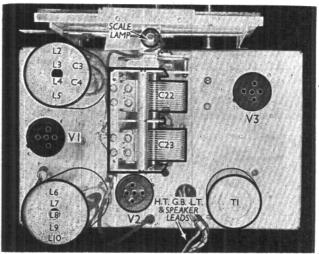
If a peak cannot be obtained when ganging on M.W. or L.W., C21 must be adjusted. If C19 and/or C20 are fully unscrewed and C25 and/or C27 nearly at maximum, unscrew C21, and re-gang throughout. If C19 and/or C20 are near maximum and C25 and/or C26 near minimum, screw up C21, and re-gang.

Droitwich Rejector.—Feed a 1,500 m. signal into A1 and E sockets, and adjust C18 (front of chassis) for minimum out-

S.W.—Couple oscillator to A2 socket via a 400 O resistance. Tune to 18 m. on scale, feed in an 18 m. signal and adjust C24 for maximum output.

Pre-set Reaction.-If it is necessary to adjust the pre-set reaction (without reganging) switch set on, turn volume control to maximum and connect the

and earth. aerial Adjust C27 just below oscillation between 200 and 250m., and adjust R7 similarly on all wavelengths above 250m., including L.W.



Plan view of the chassis. The L2-L5 coil unit also contains C3 and C4. TI is the intervalve transformer.