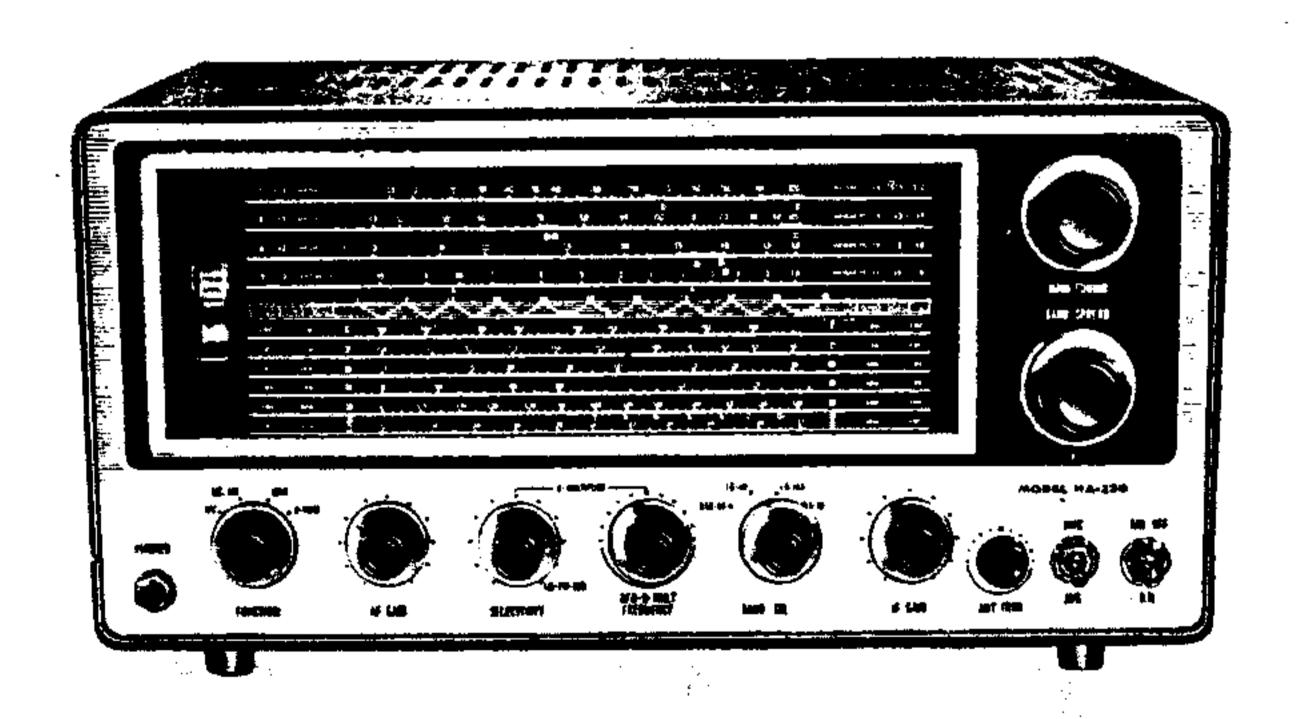
### Lafayette



MODEL HA-230

(Stock No. 99-2522WX)

### COMMUNICATIONS RECEIVER

INSTALLATION AND OPERATING MANUAL

### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

FREQUENCY RANGES...... BAND A 550 - 1600 Kcs BAND B 1.6-4.8 Mcs BAND C 4.8 - 14.5 Mcs BAND D 10.3 - 30 Mcs BANDSPREAD ...... Calibrated Electrical Bandspread 80 and 40 meters, 5 Kcs per division 20 and 15 meters, 20 Kcs per division 10 meters, 50 Kcs per division AUDIO POWER OUTPUT ..... 1.5 watts SENSITIVITY..... 1 µv for 10 db S/N Ratio SELECTIVITY..... ± 10 Kc at -60 db (±2 Kc at -6 db) without Q-Multiplier ±0.8 Kcs at -6db with Q-Multiplier SPEAKER OUTPUT..... 4 or 8 ohms HEADPHONE OUTPUT..... Low Impedance POWER CONSUMPTION ....... 50 watts at 117 volts AC, 60 cps V2 - 6BE6 Mixer V3 - 6BE6 HF Oscillator V4 - 6AV6 Q-Multiplier-BFO V5 - 6BA6 1st IF Amplifier V6 - 6BA6 2nd IF Amplifier V7 - 6AV6 Detector, 1st AF Amplifier, ANL, AVC V8 - 6AQ5 Audio Output V9 - 5Y3 Rectifier WEIGHT ..... 21 lbs

### UNPACKING INSTRUCTIONS

After unpacking the receiver, carefully check for possible damage which may have occurred in transit. Should any signs of damage be apparent (tubes broken, case dented, etc.), notify the store from which it was purchased. If the unit was shipped to you, also file a claim with the carrier.

The following accessories should be included in the carton:

- 1 Standard Phone Plug
- 1 Jumper Plug (for the auxiliary control socket)

### INSTALLATION

### POWER SOURCE

The receiver is designed to operate from a 90 — 125 volt. 50 — 60 cycle AC power source. DO NOT OPERATE FROM A DC SOURCE. The receiver is equipped with a voltage selector switch (located within the unit). This switch should normally be left in the 117V position.

### SPEAKER CONNECTION

A three-terminal strip marked OUTPUT is provided at the rear of the receiver for speaker connections. Any PM speaker with either 4 or 8 ohm impedance can be used. Simply connect

one lead to the ground terminal "O" and the other lead to the terminal that corresponds to the speaker impedance. The output power of the receiver is sufficient to drive a 4 — 12 inch PM speaker adequately.

### **HEADPHONES**

A standard phone jack is provided on the front panel of the receiver for headphone reception. Low impedance (8 — 16 ohms) headphones are recommended for optimum results. Insertion of a phone plug into the jack automatically disconnects any speaker attached to the 8 ohm output terminal.

### ANTENNAS

The terminals marked "A1", "A2", and "E" at the rear of the receiver are for antenna and ground connections. Either of the following two pes of connections can be used to obtain satisfactory results.

### INVERTED L ANTENNA

The inverted L type of antenna will provide satisfactory performance over the entire tuning range. Simply short A2 and E with a jumper wire, and connect one end of the antenna wire to A1. For good reception, the antenna wire should be placed as high as possible and 50 — 100 feet long (see Fig. 1). In some instances, a wire connected from terminal "E" to a water pipe may improve reception.

### DOUBLET ANTENNA

A doublet antenna will give excellent results, especially on amateur bands. A 75 ohms balanced transmission line should be used (as shown in Fig. 2). Since the doublet antenna provides optimum performance only at a given frequency, it should be cut to the length for the most often used band of frequencies. The overall length of a doublet antenna can be determined by using the following formula:

Since the doublet antenna displays directional L (Length in feet) = 468

Frequency in magacycles

properties broadside to its length, it should be oriented in such a manner that maximum signal pickup can be realized.

When using either a balanced transmission line or a twisted pair, the leads connect to terminals "A1" and "A2" respectively, and the jumper wire between "A2" and "E" is removed. A height of 30 — 50 feet is recommended for good reception of feet signals.

### **FUSE**

A 2 amp fuse is located at the rear of the receiver. To remove it, unscrew the spring loaded ed cap. Replace only with one of a similar rating.

### AUXILIARY CONTROL

A socket in the back of the receiver allows simultaneous control of this receiver with a transmitter. An external switching device can be constructed so that the receiver will be inoperative during periods of transmission. In this case, the FUNCTION switch is placed in the

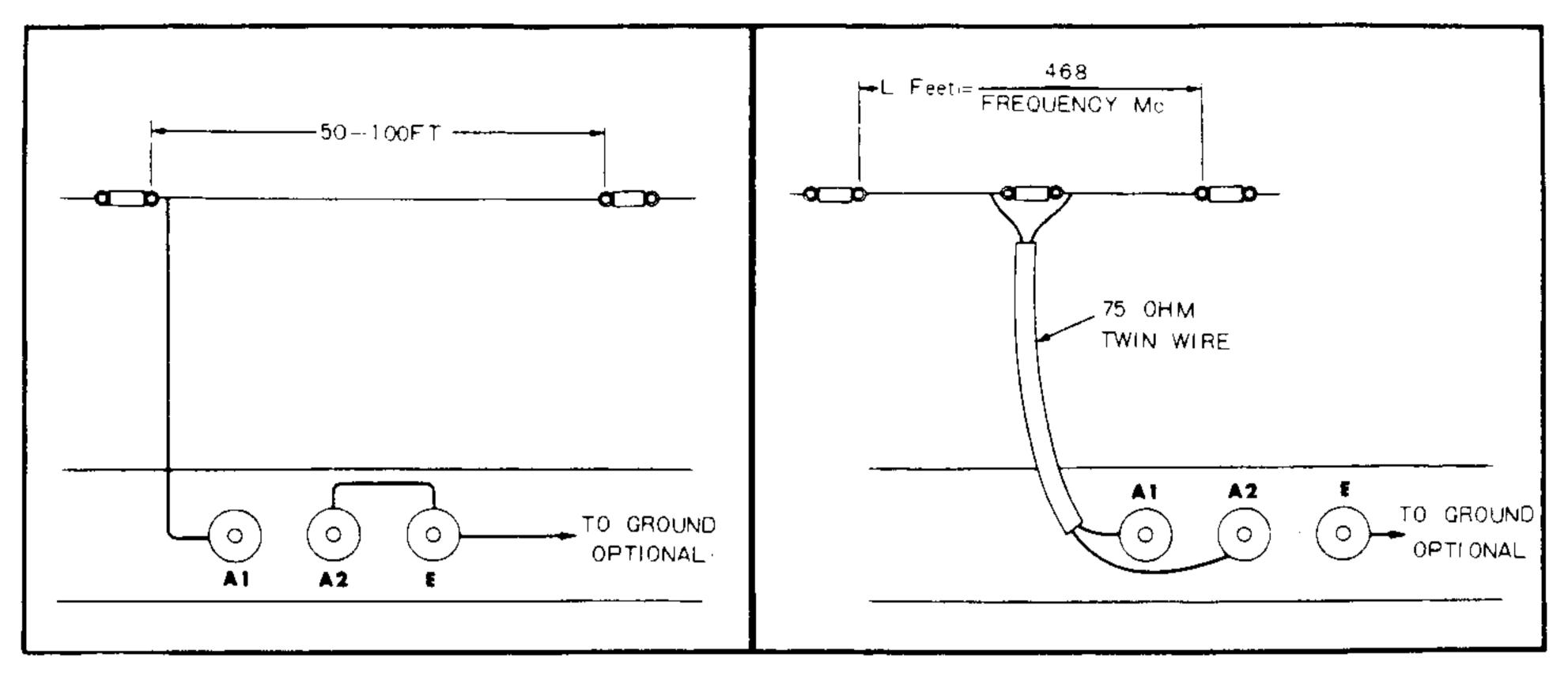


Figure 1. Single Wire Antenna (Inverted L)

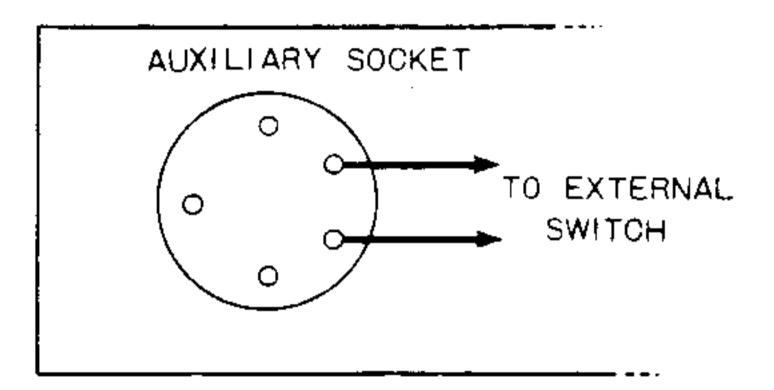


Figure 3. Auxiliary Control Socket

SEND position. The external switch is attached to the 5-pin plug so that pins 3 and 2 (see Fig. 3) will be connected when signal reception is de-

Figure 2. Doublet Antenna

sired. This plug is then inserted into the socket in place of the jumper plug. In this manner, signal reception will be instantaneous, as plate voltage will be applied to the RF stages when the switch is closed accordingly.

For normal operating conditions with no external switching, the jumper plug provided must be inserted into the socket. Pins 3 and 2 of the plug are shorted, thus providing plate voltage to the RF stages. To disable the receiver under these conditions, set the FUNCTION switch to the SEND position. In this position plate voltages to the RF stages are cut off. Returning the switch to REC AM will provide instantaneous signal reception.

### THE Q-MULTIPLIER CIRCUIT

A Q-Multiplier provides the additional selectivity often required for optimum reception of signals in the congested short-wave bands. In your receiver, the Q-Multiplier circuit serves a dual function — Q-Multiplier and BFO. For CW and SSB reception, the circuit is employed as a BFO.

THE CIRCUIT MAY BE EMPLOYED AS A Q-MULTIPLIER ONLY DURING PHONE RECEPTION.

A little experience in using the Q-Multiplier will be necessary for optimum results under different receiving conditions. In the hands of an experienced operator, the Q-Multiplier is a very handly tool, and will greatly enhance the performance of the receiver.

The controls associated with the Q-Multiplier

circuit are the SELECTIVITY and BFO-Q-MULT FREQUENCY controls. They are not operative unless the Function switch is in the Q-MULT position.

### SELECTIVITY CONTROL

When the SELECTIVITY control is in the AM-CW-SSB position, the circuit oscillates, thus providing the beat signal necessary for CW or SSB reception. Off the AM-CW-SSB position, the circuit is connected to the IF stage and now acts as a narrow gate through which the IF signals must pass. The width of the "gate" is determined by the position of the SELECTIVITY control. Advancing the control from the fully counter-clockwise position serves to peak the signal increasingly until a point of oscillation is

reached. Sharpest selectivity is reached just prior to oscillation.

### BFO-Q-MULT FREQUENCY CONTROL

The action of this control is determined by the position of the SELECTIVITY control. When the Selectivity control is set to AM-CW-SSB, the BFO-Q-NULT FREQUENCY control is used to apply pitch for CW reception or to provide clarity of signal for SSB reception.

When the Selectivity control is used to increase selectivity during Q-Multiplier operation, (as described previously), the sharp peak produced can be moved around within the IF pass band by means of the BFO-Q-MULT FREQUENCY CONTROL to reduce or eliminate interference from adjacent signals.

### USING THE CIRCUIT AS A Q-MULTIPLIER

Initially, all controls on the receiver should be

set to the positions indicated in the chart for AM settings. Tune in desired station. Set SELECTIVITY to the fully counter-clockwise position and FUNCTION to "Q-Mult". Increase AF gain if necessary. Advance the SELECTIVITY control until the desired degree of selectivity is obtained. The point of maximum selectivity is reached just before the circuit breaks into oscillation. The BFO-Q-MULT FREQUENCY control may now be adjusted to provide a reduction, or to eliminate, any adjacent channel interference.

### USING THE CIRCUIT AS A BFO

Initially, all controls should be set as indicated in the chart for CW or SSB operation. Under these conditions the BFO-Q-MULT FREQUENCY control is used to vary the pitch (CW) or for clarity of signal (SSB). The SELECTIVITY control remains permanently in the AM-CW-SSB position for CW or SSB reception.

### TUNING

The main tuning and bandspread dials are calibrated in megacycles and contain special markings to simplify tuning. The major amateur radio bands are contained in the 1.6 to 4.8, 4.8 to 14.5 and 10.3 to 30.00 megacycle bands. The location of each amateur band is indicated by heavy white scale lines on the main tuning dial. The circled letter or letters which appear with each band indicate the bandspread scale to be used. Calibration of the main tuning scales is correct when the bandspread pointer is set at 100 on the LOGGING SCALE.

Bandspreading on the amateur bands is carried out in the following manner: Set the bandspread pointer initially to 100 and the main tuning pointer directly over the circled letter for the band to be tuned. In some cases the band is split between two such letters. For example, B1 and B2 together cover the range of 7.0 to 7.35 megacycles — B1 from 7.0 to 7.17, B2 from 7.17 to 7.35 megacycles. The calibrated bandspread scale which is used is indicated to the right and left-hand side. Thus, if the main tuning pointer is set over B1, the bandspread scale in use is the one marked B1, the fourth one down. Tuning is then accomplished solely with the BAND-SPREAD control.

Short-wave bandspreading, for other than amateur bands, is accomplished by setting the bandspread pointer at 100 on the Logging Scale and the main tuning pointer at the high end of the short-wave band to be tuned. Rotate the bandspread control to tune over the band. Mov-

ing the bandspread pointer towards O on the logging scale subtracts from the frequency indicated on the main tuning scale. Logging of short-wave stations is possible by noting the readings on both the Main Tuning and Logging Scales.

### S-METER READINGS

The S-Meter provides a means of measuring the relative strength of incoming AM signals. Relative readings are only correct when the IF GAIN control is fully clockwise. Measurements are read in S units from 1 to 9 and in decibels above S9 from 0 to 40 db. The circuit is disabled when the MVC/AVC switch is in the MVC position.

A ZERO ADJ control at the rear of the receiver is provided for zeroing the S-Meter electrically. This adjustment is made with the antenna disconnected, IF GAIN control at maximum and AVC on.

### ANTENNA TRIMMER

The ANT TRIM control, adjustable from the front panel, acts as a compensating capacitor to permit optimum matching of the receiver to the antenna at all frequencies. Initially, the control should be set to its mid-position (the dot on the front surface of the knob at 12 o'clock position). The control should always be adjusted for maxi-

mum background noise. Each setting will be good only over a limited range of frequencies. The trimmer should therefore always be readjusted after tuning to the general area where the expected signal is to be found.

### AM OPERATION

For the reception of broadcast stations, shortwave listening, etc., place all controls in the positions indicated in the Initial Control Setings chart. Tune in station, using Main and Bandspread tuning controls as indicated in the section under "TUNING". Adjust ANT TRIM for highest "S" meter reading on signal. This antenna control setting is satisfactory while operating over a limited frequency range. If excessive spurious noises such as those caused by auto ignition make reception difficult, place the ANL OFF switch to the ON position. The automatic noise limiter should be used only when necessary, since it tends to reduce the overall efficiency of the receiver.

If interference from nearby stations makes reception difficult, the Q-Multiplier may be employed to minimize or eliminate the interference. Since the use of the Q-Multiplier results

in a narrower bandwidth it should only be employed when interference is severe and where maximum fidelity is not required.

### CW OPERATION

The control settings required for the reception of code signals are indicated in the chart. AVC is switched off and the IF GAIN control is used as a volume control. Tune signal to zero beat. The BFO-Q-MULT FREQUENCY control should then be adjusted on either side of white dot for desired pitch.

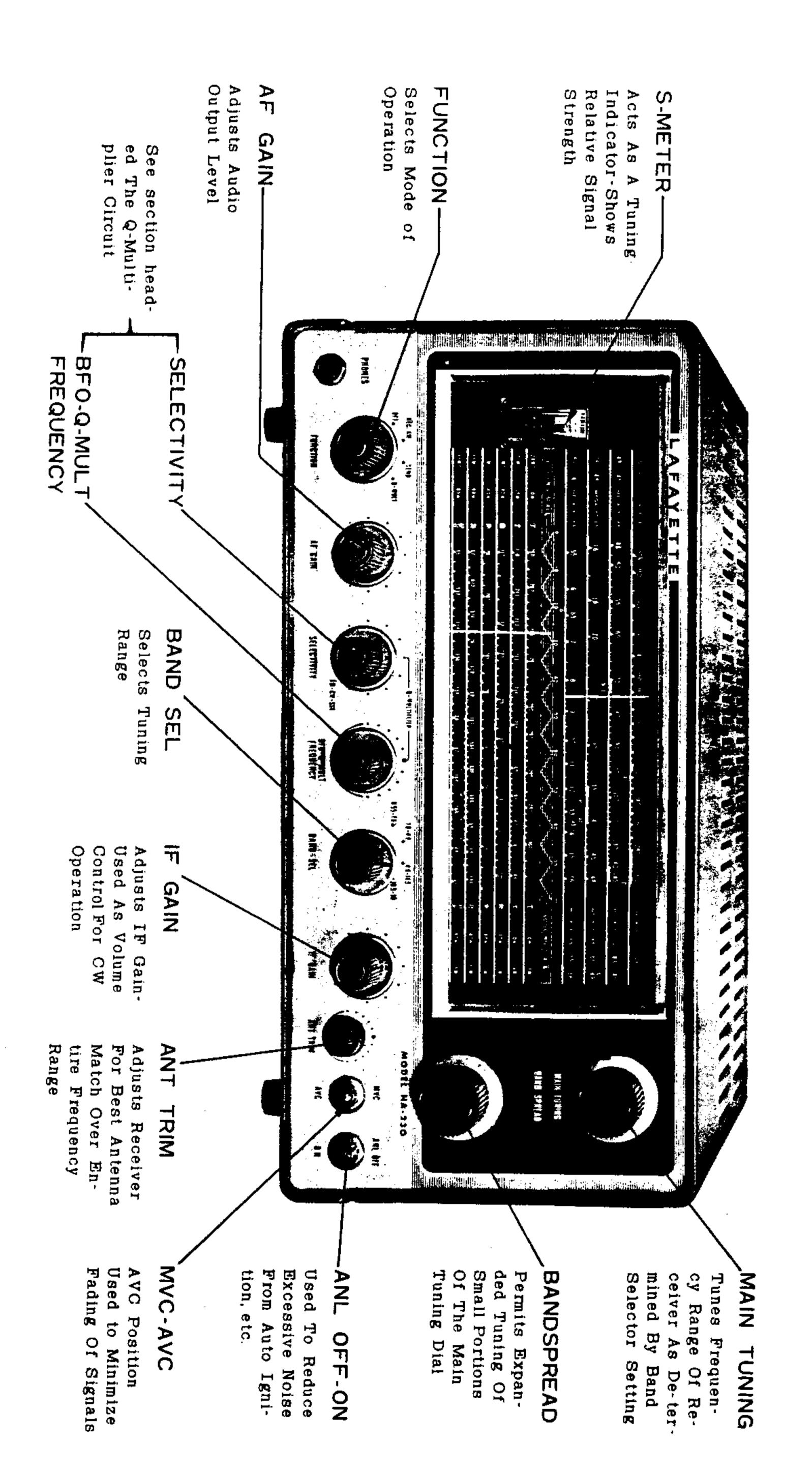
### SINGLE SIDE BAND OPERATION

The settings of controls for SSB reception is essentially the same as for CW (see chart). The BFO frequency however, is used in this case for carrier reinsertion. AVC is switched off and the IF GAIN control used to adjust the level. Tune station in with BANDSPREAD control and then adjust BFO-Q-MULT FREQUENCY control for clarity of speech. Slight readjustment of the BANDSPREAD may be necessary to provide best audio quality.

### INITIAL CONTROL SETTINGS

| CONTROL                 | AM SETTINGS                    | CW SETTINGS                    | SSB SETTINGS                   |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| FUNCTION                | REC AM                         | Q-MULT                         | Q-MULT                         |
| BAND SEL                | Set for desired range          | Set for desired range          | Set for desired range          |
| SELECTIVITY             | AM-CW-SSB*                     | AM-CW-SSB                      | AM-CW-SSB                      |
| BFO-Q-MULT<br>FREQUENCY | Mid-position                   | Mid-position                   | - Mid-position                 |
| IF GAIN                 | Maximum                        | Adjust for desired audio level | Adjust for desired audio level |
| ANT TRIM                | 12 o'clock position            | 12 o'clock position            | 12 otclock position            |
| MVC-AVC                 | AVC                            | MVC                            | MVC                            |
| ANL OFF-ON              | Optional                       | Optional                       | OFF                            |
| BANDSPREAD              |                                | Set to 100 on Logging Scale    | Set to 100 on Logging Scale    |
| AF GAIN                 | Adjust for desired audio level | 2/3 to 3/4 clockwise           | 2/3 to 3/4 clockwise           |

<sup>\*</sup> Setting the SELECTIVITY control to AM-CW-SSB with the FUNCTION switch in REC AM disconnects the Q-Multiplier from the IF, allowing normal IF band pass.



### SHORT WAVE LISTENING

On the short-wave frequencies are to be found radio stations transmitting from all over the world. Many of these stations provide English-language broadcasts. The frequencies on which the majority of shortwave broadcast stations operate are found in the two upper bands of your receiver (4.8 to 14.5 megacycles and 10.5 to 30 megacycles). A characteristic of short-wave is that reception varies with the time of day, the season of the year and with weather condi-

tions. In order to know just when and where to listen, a listening chart which lists English language broadcast stations best heard in North America is included in this manual. "Better Shortwave Reception" by William I. Orr (available from Lafayette Radio as BK1032) is recommended to the short-wave listener and amateur alike. It provides an introduction to short-wave radio for the beginner and presents some of the practical aspects and helpful advice for the more experienced listener.

### CIRCUIT THEORY

### ANTENNA STAGE

The RF amplifier V1 provides the necessary gain and preselection required for high sensitivity and rejection of image frequencies. Individual antenna input coils are used for either a balanced or unbalanced input (depending on method of antenna connection).

The ANT TRIM control, adjustable from the front panel, acts as a compensating capacitor to permit matching of the input circuits to any antenna.

### MIXER STAGE

The use of a separate high-frequency oscillator, V3, results in a more stable receiver, particularly at the higher frequencies. The output signal from V1 is electronically mixed with the output of V3 in the mixer tube V2. V3 provides a signal 455 KC higher than the incoming signal on all frequency ranges. Because current is applied to the filaments of V2 and V3 at all times (even with receiver switched off), no frequency drift is experienced at any time during the operation of this receiver — a high degree of stability is assured from the moment the unit is switched on.

### Q-MULTIPLIER AND BFO

The Q-Multiplier circuit (V4) serves as both BFO and Q-Multiplier in this receiver. Used as a BFO for CW and SSB operation, the circuit, which acts as an oscillator, is coupled to the IF stage (via stray coupling) and provides the signal necessary for producing a beat note, or for carrier reinsertion during SSB operation. When the SELECTIVITY control, comprising R26 and S4, is in the AM-CW-SSB position during this operation, R26 is in its maximum position. The frequency of the signal is varied by means of C31, the BFO-Q-MULT FREQUENCY control. This adjusts the pitch during CW operation or clarity of speech during SSB operation. For Q-Multiplier

operation, S4 is switched away from the AM-CW-SSB position, thus connecting the circuit directly to the IF stage through a coupling capacitor C9. The circuit serves as a positive feedback device having a highly selective tuned circuit which acts as a narrow "gate" for IF frequencies. The width of this gate is adjusted by means of R26 which controls the gain of V4. The resultant narrow peak can be moved around in the IF pass-band by adjustment of C31. The selectivity thus becomes adjustable and, in addition, the portion of the signal which contains the least amount of adjacent signal interference can be selected.

### IF STAGES

Two stages of IF amplification, V5 and V6, provide sufficient gain and selectivity for good performance. For maximum selectivity, double-tuned transformers, T2, T3 and T4, are used for interstage coupling. High-Q permeability-tuned transformers improve performance and add to ease of tuning. R24 varies the gain of V6 and therefore acts as the IF GAIN control.

The S-meter is placed in the circuit in such a manner that readings increase with signal strength. R28, the ZERO ADJ control, is adjusted for zero current through the meter with no signal input. The S-meter is only accurate when the IF gain control is at maximum, nor does the meter function properly when AVC is off.

### DETECTOR, AVC, ANL, 1st AUDIO

One diode of V7 (pin 5) serves as both detector and AVC rectifier. The rectified AVC voltage is applied to RF stage V1 and IF stage V5 to keep the output level of the receiver constant regardless of input signal variations. In the MVC position of S6, the AVC is grounded and is not in operation. The other diode (pin 6) acts as an automatic noise limiter by cutting noise peaks (caused by auto ignition, etc.) during reception.

## f the World Listen to the Voices

# ENGLISH LANGUAGE SHORT-WAVE BROADCAST STATIONS BEST HEARD IN WESTERN NORTH AMERICA

Readers in the western part of the United States and Canada will find the following list of "Best Heard" stations helpful in tuning the short-wave broadcast bands. The left-hand column lists the hour in Pacific Standard Time for broadcasts in English only; in the middle column the city and country from which the broadcasts originate are listed with the name the station uses for identification and on the right are the francements.

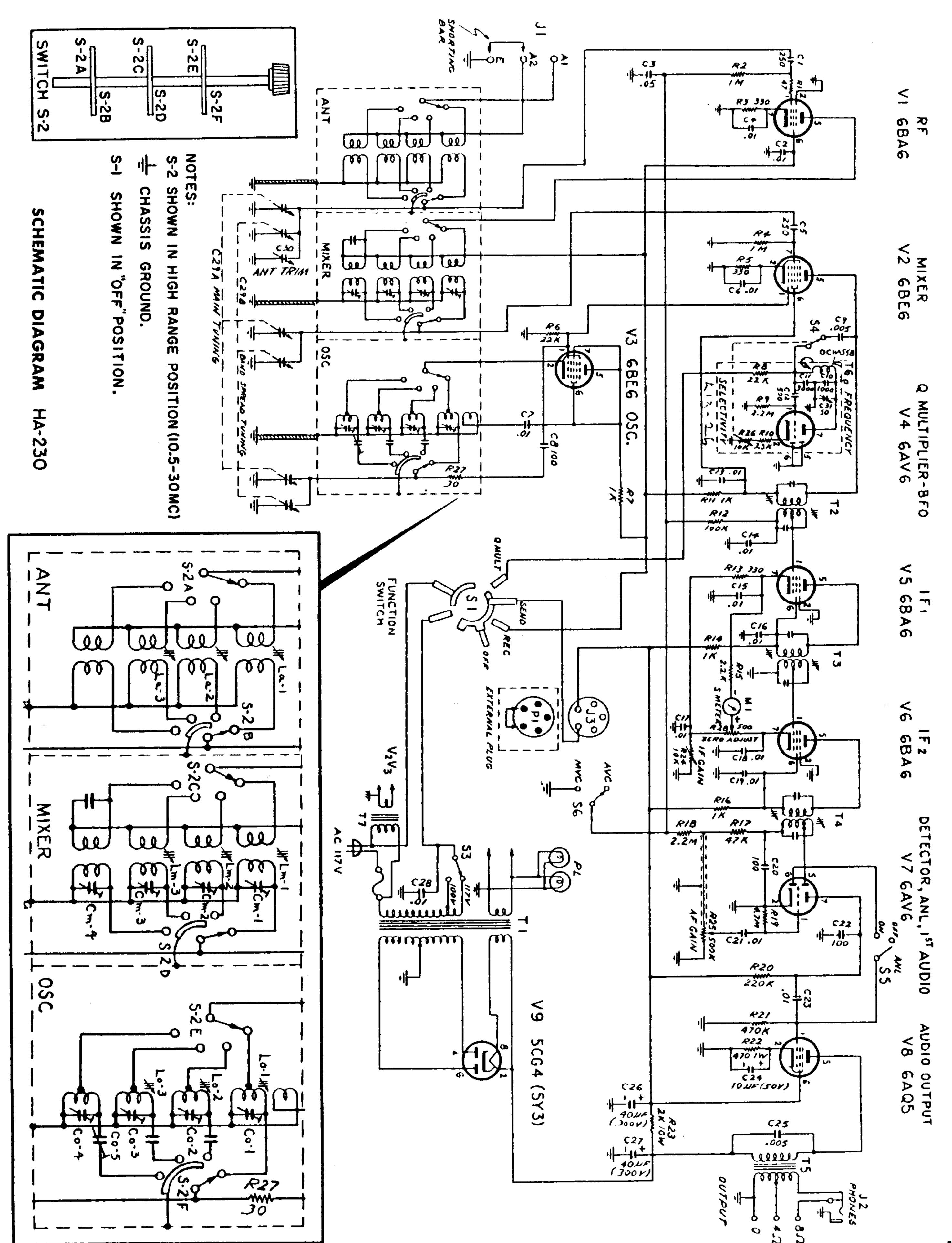
| Heard Standard                                   | helpful in tuning the short-wave broadcast by Time for broadcasts in English only; in the   | hand column lists the hour in<br>n the city and country from           | TIME (PST)   | CITY, COUNTRY (NAME)  | FREQUENCIES (Ic.)   |
|--|---|--|--|---|---|
|  | ideasts originate are listed with the name the station uses for<br>tht are the frequencies and call letters for stations using them | identification in parentheses; during their broadcasts.                | 10:30- 2:45 d.m.<br>11:30-11:45 p.m.<br>12:00- 1:15 d.m. | Wellington, New Zealand (Radio New Zealand) Papeete, Tahiti (The Voice of France in the Pacific) Manila, Philippines (Call of the Orient) | 9540 (ZL2), 6080 (ZL7)<br>6135<br>17805, 15300, 11855, 9730           |
| TIME (PST)                                       | CITY, COUNTRY (NAME)  | FREQUENCIES (kc.)  |  |   | ;   |
| 8:00 a.m.  | Manila, Philippines (The Call of the Orient)  | 11855, 9730  |  | NEWS BROADCASTS FOR WESTERN NO  | ITH AMERICA   |
| EEE  | Djakarta, Indonesia (The Voice of Indonesia)<br>Melbourne, Australia (Radio Australia)<br>Stockholm, Sweden (Radio Sweden)          | 9710, 4910<br>11770 (VLC11)<br>15155                                   | The following States and Canada                          | listing of news broadcasts has been prepared for the Times are given in Pacific Standard Time and t                                       | sec readers living in the Western United he frequencies in kilocycles |
| 8  | London, England (North American Service)  | 17700  |  |   |   |
| E E 6  | London, England (General Overseas Service)  Tokyo, Japan (Radio Japan)  | 15310, 11930<br>17825 (JOA22)  | TIME (PST)   | CITY AND COUNTRY  | FREQUENCIES (tc.)   |
| 1:30 pt.m.                                       | tours, separational emperations   |  | 6:45 a.m.  | Ojakarta, Indonesia   | 2   |
| 88   | London, England (General Overseds Service) Mascow, USSR (Radio Mascow)  | 11930, 3625<br>17865, 15140  | 7.30 6.3   | Melbourne, Australia  | UE/Y, 26811   |
| 2.5  | Tokyo. Japan (Radio Japan)  | 15235 (JOB9),  | 88   | Stockholm, Sweden   |   |
| 4:55- 5:45 p.m.                                  | Montreal, Canada (Radio Canada)   | • 🔾 (  | 12:00 Noon   | London, England   | 17700   |
|  | Come Maisting Maist (The Funnastistic Voice) - no broad.  | 11720 (CHOL)   | E 0 8  | London, England<br>Tokyo Japan  | 15310, 11930, <b>76</b> 25<br>17 <b>8</b> 25, 15235                   |
| ġ :  | casts on Wednesday and Thursday   | 8,5  | اغا  | Moscow, USSR  | 17845, 15140  |
| 5:30- 7:15 p.m.                                  | Berne, Switzeriend (Switzeriand Calting)  | 9535   | 4:30 p.m.  | Delhi, India  | 17720, 15140  |
| *  | Onits Periods (MC 12 The Voice of the Anders - no   | 6165 (HER3)  | 4:30 p.3.  | Tokyo, Japan<br>Montreal Canada   | 15235, 11705  |
| E 0.3  |   | 5115   | 4  | Moscow, USSR  | 17065, 15140  |
| 6:45 p.m.  | Rome, Italy (Italian Broadcasting & TV System)  | 575  | <u>a</u> :   | Karachy, Pakistan   | 17750, 15335  |
| 3 6  | Cologne, Definiony (1 he Voice of Dermany)  Wereaw Poland (Radio Worsaw)  | 9525, 6025   | 5:35 p.m.  | Berne, Switzerland  | 11845, 9535, 4145   |
| E  | Hilversum, Holland (Radio Netherlands)  | 1950   | ۵  | London, England   | 11930, 9025   |
| 8.0<br>6.0<br>8.0                                | Hilvernum, Holland (The Mappy Station) - special program on Sundays only  | 0690 05911   | #:00 p. m.   | Moscow, USSM<br>Mome Italy  | 17865, 15140<br>9575, 4010  |
| 6:45- 7:00 p.m.                                  | Brazzaville, FEA (Radio Brazzaville, French Equatorial  | 3  | •  | Cologne, Germany  |   |
|  | Contact to add  | 11970, 9625  | ď,   | Warsaw, Poland Hillwarence Holland (not on Sunday)  | 9525, 4025  |
| E:04 - 7:39 D.M.                                 | Montreal, Cambus Fracto Conuca.   | LΩ   | نه ند  | Delhi, India  | 17030, 15140, 11710   |
| 7:00- 7:30 p.m.                                  | Bucharest, Romania (Bucharest Calling) Paking China (Rodio Peking)  | 11937, 9570  | 4:45 p.m.  | Brazzaville, Franch Equatorial Africa   | 11970, 9425   |
| į  |   | 5350   | 7 0  | Montreal, Canada  | 11945, 9585   |
| 7:00- 0:30 p.m.                                  | Prague, Czechoslovakia (Radio Prague)   | 9585, 6170.<br>6105, 6055  | 7.88 5.3   | Bucharest, Romania<br>Patrios China   | 11937, 9570   |
| •  | Guatemala City, Guatemala (TGNA)  | Ψ,   | À  | Pregue, Czechoslovskia  | 6170, 6105, 605   |
| 7:15- <b>4:00</b> p.m.<br>7:30- <b>4:00</b> p.m. | Madrid, Spain (The Voice of Spain)  Copenhagen, Denmark (The Voice of Denmark) - no Eng-  | 9360, 6130   | 7:15 p.m.  | Madrid, Spain<br>Copenhagen, Denmerk (only Mondays)   | -<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-   |
|  | lish on Sundays   | 9520 (OZF)   | . 6  |   | 15235, 11705  |
|  |   | ֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֚֡֞֞֞֟֟֝֟֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֓֓֟֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֓֓֓֟֝ | iά   | Oslo, Norway (only Sundays)   | =   |
| 25   | Oalo, Norway (Radio Norway) — on Sundays only<br>Rindament Hungary (Rodio Budapent)   | 15175, 11735, 9640   | 6:15 p.m.  | Madrid Spain  | 9340 4130   |
| 0.00 0:30 p.m.                                   | Bulgaria (Sofia Calling)  | 8  | نمن  | Berne, Switzerland  | 11845, 9535   |
|  | San Jose, Costa Rica (TIFC - The Lighthouse of the  | 9647 6037  | م م  | Tainer Taiwan   | 11937, 9570   |
| 0:15- 7:00 p.m.                                  | Berne, Switzerland (Switzerland Calling)  | <b>,</b> –   | F.00   | Moscow, USSR  | 17045, 15140  |
|  | Manage Continue Office of Contral   | 9535 (MER4)<br>9360 6130   | E 6 6  | Stockholm, Sweden<br>Brazzaville, Franch Equatorial Africa  | 9420  |
| 88   | Madrid, Spain (1 ne voice of Spain) Bucharest, Romania (Bucharest Calling)  | 1937, 9570   | 9:15 p.m.  | Madrid, Spain   |   |
| 9:30 P. H  | Taipei, Taiwan (The Voice of Free China)  | 15225, 11815   | <b>A</b> (   | Warrew Poland   | 32,50   |
| 9:15- 9:30 p.m.                                  | Stockholm, Sweden (Radio Brazzaville, French Equatorial   | •  | 11:30 p.m.   | Weilington, New Zeelend   | 9540, 4080  |
|  | Africa)   | 929<br>929<br>939  | 12:30 <b>p. 3</b> .                                      | Wellington New Zealand (not on Sunday)  | 32<br>40 4  |
| 7.15-10:00 p.m.                                  | Warraw Poland (Radio Worsaw)  | 9525, 6025   | •  | anila, Philippines  | 25.   |
| 11:00 p.m.                                       | Taipei, Taiwan (The Voice of Free China)  | 4 2  | ø  | Wellington, New Zealand   | <b>₹</b><br>Q   |

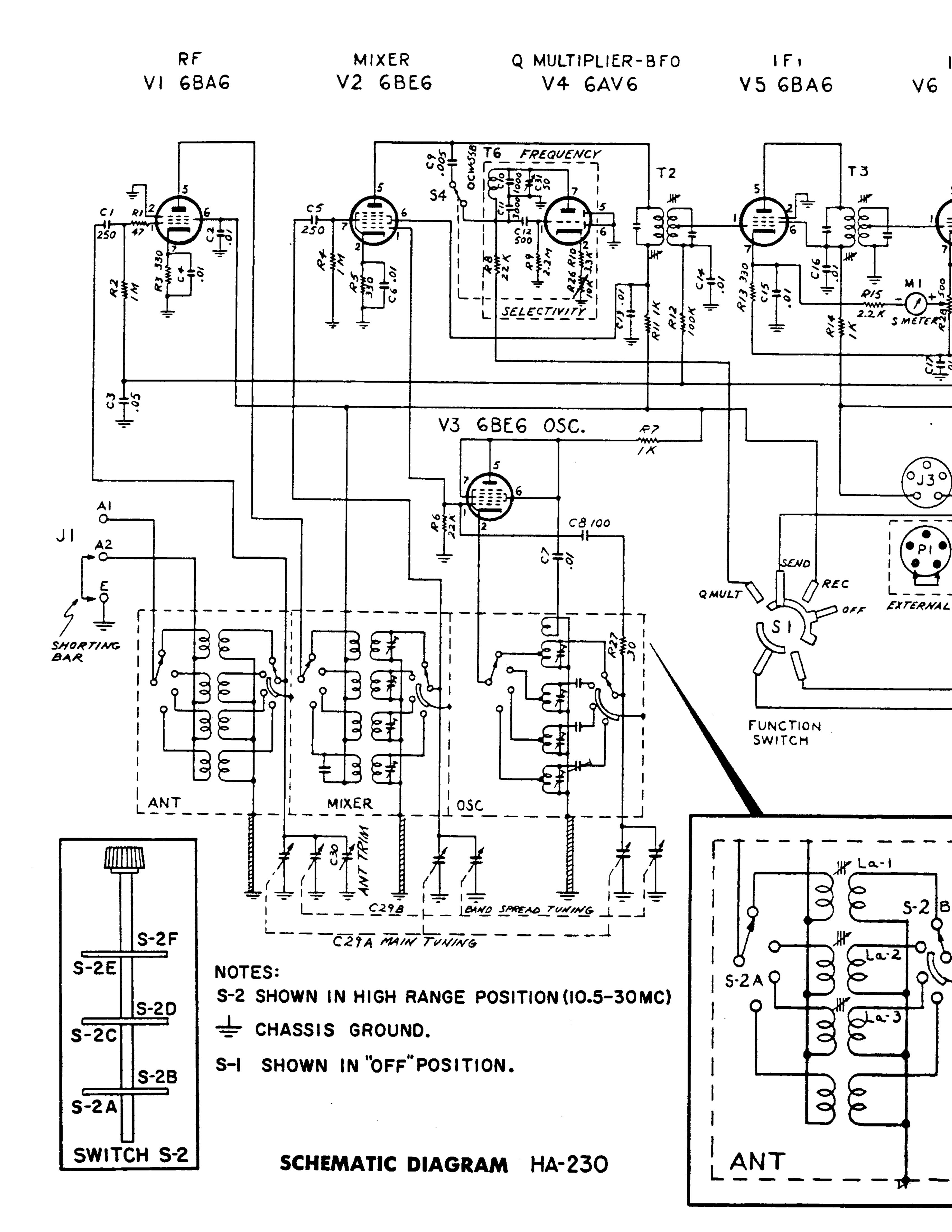
REPRINTED FROM POPULAR ELECTRONICS BY PERMISSION

| AMERICA      |
|--------------|
| NORTH        |
| EASTERN      |
| Z            |
| HEARD        |
| BEST         |
| STATIONS     |
| BROADCAST    |
| SHORT-WAVE ! |
| LANGUAGE S   |
| ENGLISM      |
|              |

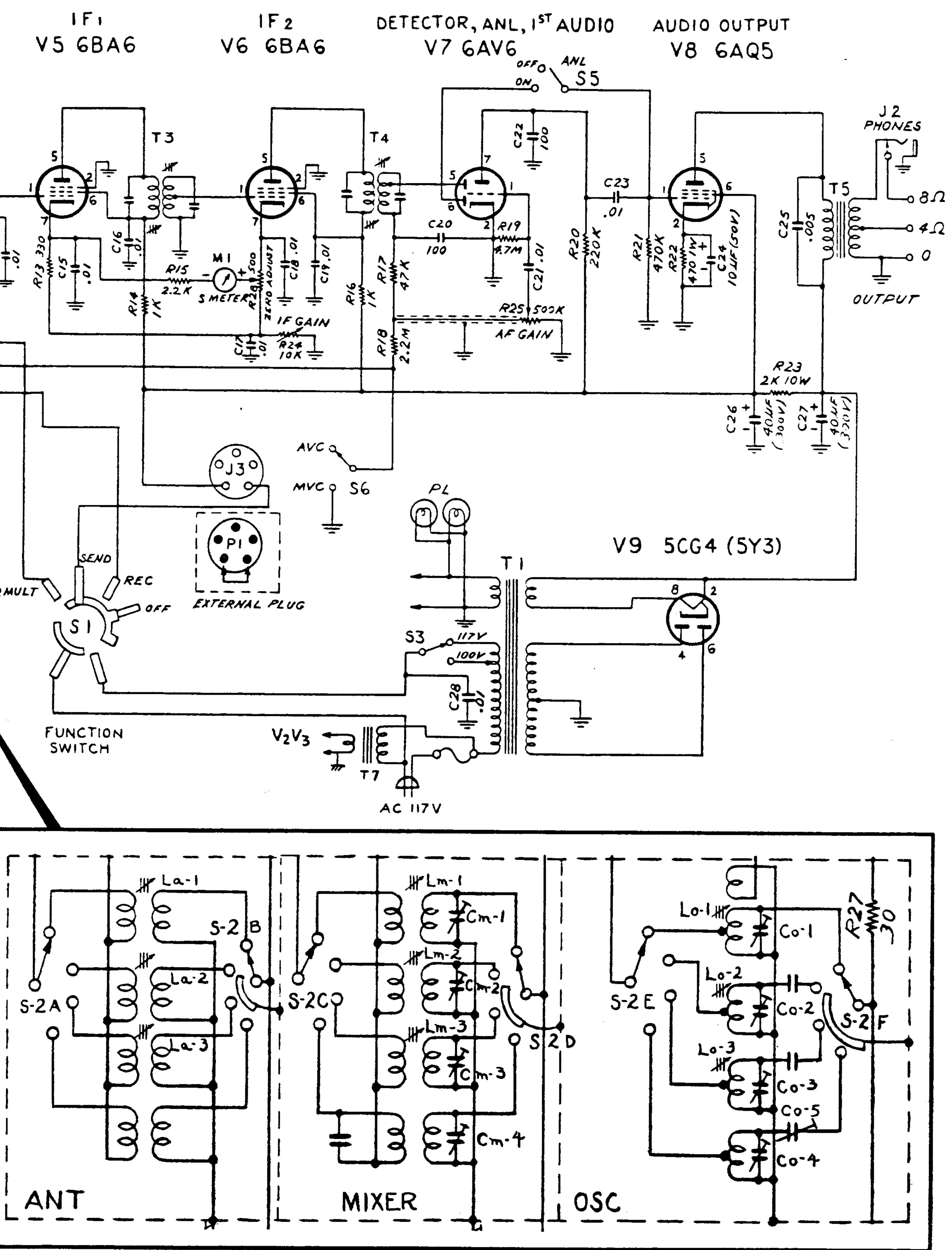
⋖

|                     | S FOR EASTERN NORTH AMERICA | FREQUENCIES (hc.)  | 0640 4080                   | 17800 15120   | 01.10               | 04151 186221      | 17800, 151.20                    | _  | 17800, 151,20                            | 1,770                                      | 21495 +7R95   | 1700            | 21700, 17895               | 17775, 15345  | 17700                                      | 2.8                         | 1,145                                     | 15365, 11950                             | 1004                              | 15310 11930 9875     | 17825, 15235                  | 11937, 11890, 11845, 11825, 11805, 11740, 11700, 9700, 9445 | 9156                        | 04470                              |                                       | 11937, 11890, 11845, 11825, 11805, 11740, 11700, 9700, 9445 | \$75, 4010  | 15235, 11705<br>0505 4136 4065 | 7363, 6170, 6103, <del>60</del> 33 | 11890, 11845, 11825, 11805, 11746, 11700, 9445 | 15140, 11720   | 9525, 6025              | 4700  | D.Y.O.Y.                                 | 11970, 9425                                  | 15190, 11720     | 15407, 4752         | 11865 9535 4165                                     | 4620                  |  | <b>65.30</b>                            |                                      | Ξ  | 3                    |   | 11950, 9590   |                                 |   | 11945 9585                             |                                  | -                                  | <b>-</b>               | 4520                              | <b>4</b> 700                 | 11890, 11845, 11825, 11805, 11740, 11700                  | 4360, 6130    | 11845, 9535                             | 11917, 9570                        | *620<br>11860 11845 11805 11740 11700 9685 9665 9610 | 9360 6:30                         |                    | 0/614             | 700           |  |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|---|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|---|--|--|------------------|---------------------|---|-----------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---------------|---|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
|                     | NEWS BROADCAST              | CITY AND COUNTRY   | Manten Town                 | Warsaw, Poland  | Distarts, indonesia | Melsinhi, Finland | Warsaw, Poland                   | Melbourne, Australia                     | Warsaw Poland                            | Stockholm, Sweden                          | melocorne, Australia                                  | London Fraishod | Lisbon Portugal            | Athens Greece | London, England                            | Teheran, Iran               | Damascus, Syria                           | Hilversum, Holland                       | Jeruselem, Israel                 | Beigcade, Tugosievie | Token languanu                | # 010 TO                | Ankers Turkey               | Caracas, Venezuela                 | (Monday-Friday)                       | Moscow, USSA  | Rome, Italy | Tokyo, Jepan                   | Water Belead                       | Moscow, USSR                                   | Montreal, Canada   | Wawsaw, Poland          | Sofia, Bulgaria   | Stockholm, Sweden                        | Equatorial Africa                            | Montreel, Canada | Paramaribo, Surinam | Berne, Switzerland                                  | Stockholm, Sweden     | Osto, Norway   | (Sundays only)                          | (Monders only)                       | Moscow, USSR   | Rome, Italy          | Warran Poland   | Iversur   | (not on Sundays)                | Frankovile, French<br>Fountainel Africa | Montreal Canada                        | Moscow, USSR                     | Bucharest, Romania                 | Madrid Spain           | Copenhagen, Deamark               | Sofia Bulgaria               | Moscow USSR   | Madrid, Spain | Berne, Switzerland                      | Bucharest, Romania                 | Stockholm, Sweden                                    | Madrid Spain                      | Brazzaville French | Equatorial Africa | Warsaw roland |  |
|                     |                             | TIME (EST)   | £.30 s.m                    |   | 15 a                | 7:00 a.m.         | 7-15 a.m.                        | 7.15 a.m.                                | F.55 4.9.                                | E.6.01.0                                   | 0.15 o.115.   | 12:00 Noon      | 12:15 p.m.                 | 12:30 p.m.    | 3:00 p.m.                                  | 3:15 p.m.                   | 3:30 p.m.                                 | 4:15 p.m.                                | #:00 D:#:                         | . E. D. E            | . E 6 6 4                     |   | 6:15 p.m.                   | 4:30 p.m.                          |                                       | 7:00 p.m.   | 7:15 p.m.   | 7:30 p.m.                      | 7.30 p. H.                         | E.000  | 1:00 p.m.  | 6:00 p.m.               | E:00 p.m.   |  | E.A.   | 8:30 p.m.        | 1:30 p.m.           | 1:35 p.m.   | 7:00 p.m.             | 9:00 p.m.  | 4.85                                    |                                      | 9:00 p.m.  | 7:25 p.m.            | 4:30 p.m.   |   | 1                               | 7:45 D.M.                               | 10:00 o.m.                             | آه<br>د                          | 10:00 p.m.                         |                        | 10:30 p.m.                        | 11.00 0.31                   | E 00 E  | 11:15 p.m.    | H.20 p.m.                               | ~ `                                | 12:00 Midnight                                       | F _                               | 12 15 a.m.         |                   | 12:30 a.m.    |  |
| FREQUENCIES (Ac.)   | 170mm 15120                 |  | 17796, 15190<br>17600 15100 | 2 >   | •<br>•              | 15390, 9636       | 17840                            | 17700                                    | 17700                                    | 17700, 15310, 9008                         |   | 15365, 11950    | SCHOOL STATES              | 9482 (4VC)    | 15310, 11930                               | 17825 (JOA22), 15235 (JOB9) | 9825                                      | 890, 118                                 | 11825, 11805, 11740.              | 9700, 96             | 9515                          | 9575, 6010  | 15235, (JOB9), 11705 (JOA4) | 11910, 9833                        | 9585, 6170, 6105, 6055                | 6025  |             | (CHOL)                         | 9700                               | 0296   | 15400 0858 8105  | 400, 3000,<br>000, 000, | 11970, 3625<br>11966 (UPDS) 0636 (UPDA)                   | 6165 (HER3)                              | 15175 11735, 9540                            |                  | 9520 (UZF)          | 15115 11015 9745                                    |                       | 11795 9640   | 9525, 6025                              |                                      |  | 11950, 9590          | 6192 (4VHW)   | Š   | 11945 (CRINK), 5065 (CRLF)      | . •                                     | 5959                                   |                                  | anna, area                         | 9520 (OZF)             | _                                 |                              |   | 9647, 6037    | 11865 (HER5), 9535 (HER4)               | 9360, 6130                         | 11937, 9570  | 9620                              |                    | 9360, 6130        | 9525, 6025    |  |
| CITY COUNTRY INAMES | (mo Worken)                 | Helsinki, Finland (Finland Calling) - no English on Sun- | days and holidays           | Warsaw, Foland (Radio Wassaw) Malburgae Australia (Radio Australia) | Mail: (The En       | Thursdays         | Storkholm, Sweden (Radio Sweden) | London, England (North American Service) | London, England (North American Service) | London, England (General Overseas Service) | Hilversum Holland (Radio Netherlands) - no English on |                 | Israel (The Voice of Zion) | Sundays ohly  | London, England (General Overseas Service) | Tokvo. Japan (Radio Japan)  | London England (General Overseas Service) | Moscow 11SSR (Radio Moscow)              | Michael Cooper I regard more only |                      | Ankara, Turkey (Radio Ankara) | Home, Italy (Italian Broadcasting and Television System)    | Tokyo Junan (Radio Japan)   | Budapest, Hungary (Radio Budapest) | Prague, Czechoslovakia (Rodio Prague) | Warraw Poland (Radio Warsaw)                                |             |                                | Sofie, Bulgaria (Sofia Calling)    | Sirkholm, Sweden (Radio Sweden)                | Cape Haitien, Haiti (The Evangelistic Voice) - no broad- | •                       | Hrazzaville, French Equatorial Africa (Rodio Brazzaville) | Berne, Swilzerland (Switzerland Calling) | Octo Norway (Radio Norway) - on Sundays only | Denma            |                     | Quito, Ecuador (HCJB - The Voice of the Ander) - no | Droadcasts on Mondays | Come, Italy (Trainan productions and Astronom Systems) | Cologne, Germany (1 he Your of Germany) | Williams Holland (Radio Netherlands) | Hilversum Holland (The Happy Station) - special pro- | gram on Sundays only | Port-au-Prince, Haiti (Rodio Haiti) - on Thursdays only | Brazzaville, French Equatorial Africa (Radio Brazzaville) | Montreal, Canada (Radio Canada) | Bucharest, Romania (Bucharest Calling)  | Prague, Czechoslovakia i nagio rrague) | Gustemals City, Gustemals (TUNA) | Madrid, Spain (The Voice of Spain) | oice of Denmark) - ito | Hudenest Hungery (Radio Budopest) | Sofa Bulgaria (Sofa Calling) | San Jose Costa Rical (TIFC - The Lighthouse of the Carib- | bean)         | Reme, Switzerland (Switzerland Calling) | Madrid, Spain (The Voice of Spain) | Bucharest, Romania (Bucharest Calling)               | Stockholm, Sweden (Radio Sweden). |                    | -                 | •             |  |
| 11MF (FST)          | W 70, 4 .00                 | 7.15 a.m.  |                             | E 8   |                     |                   | 8:15- 8:45 a.m.                  | 12:15 p                                  | 4.00                                     | 09. 5.15 p                                 | A. A.   |                 | 4:30- 5:20 p.m.            | 00. 5:30 p    | 15- 6:15 p.                                | 00.7                        |   | 6:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00 | 8                                 |                      | 7:00 p                        | 7:35  | 3                           | 8.                                 | 8.0                                   | 98.1  | 65. B.45 p  |                                | 8:00- 8:30 p.m.                    | 00 9:30 p                                      | .10:30 p   |                         | .15. 4:00 p   | 6:30-10:15 p.m.                          | #-00° 4-20 p. m.                             | 8. 6.80          |                     | 9:00-12:00 p.m.                                     |                       |  | 4.30 10:00 p.m.                         |                                      | 10-11-00 p.m.  |                      | 9:30-11:00 p.m.   | 10:00 p.m.  | 10:35 p.m.                      | .e.a 6.                                 | .E. 38 P. P.                           |                                  | :15-11:00 p.                       | 10:30:11:00 p.m.       | 11.00.11.30.00                    | 8                            | 00.17.00.0  |               | 12:00 p.m.                              | .12,00 p.m.                        | 12:00 p m.   | 12:30 4.m.                        | 12:30 а.т.         | 15- 1:00 a.m.     | 36- 1:00 а.m. |  |









Since this causes a slight reduction in fidelity, the circuit should only be used when necessary.

The rectified signal from the detector is fed to the grid of the triode section of V7 which acts as the 1st audio amplifier. Audio level is adjusted by means of R25, the AF GAIN control.

### AUDIO AMPLIFIER

V8 is employed in a conventional resistance-coupled audio amplifier which is connected to output transformer T5. Taps are provided on the secondary of the transformer for 4 or 8 ohm speakers. A standard phone jack, accessible from the front panel, permits the use of low impedance headphones when desired. Insertion of a plug in the jack automatically disconnects any speaker connected to the 8 ohm tap.

### RECTIFIER

V9 functions as a full-wave rectifier in a conventional power supply circuit. C26, R23 and C27 provide the necessary filtering. The primary of the AC power transformer is fused for safety. The tapped primary also permits the use of the

receiver on low AC voltages (less than 100), voltage selection being effected by S3. In most cases however, the switch should be left in the 117V position.

A separate 6 volt filament transformer is employed for V2 (mixer) and V3 (oscillator). The AC power to the primary of this transformer is not switched and thus continuously supplies filament voltage to V2 and V3 even with the receiver switched off, maintaining these tubes at a proper operating temperature. This arrangement ensures stable, drift-free operation as soon as the receiver is turned on. The current drawn by these tubes is negligible.

### **FUNCTION SWITCH**

This switch determines the mode of operation. In all positions except OFF, AC power is applied to the primary of T1, thus powering the receiver. In REC AM, DC plate voltage is applied (through the external jumper plug and the switch) to V1, V2 and V3. All other tubes (except V4) receive DC plate voltage direct from the power supply. In the SEND position, plate voltage to V1, V2 and V3 is cut off. In the Q-MULT position, plate voltage is also applied to V4, in addition to all other tubes.

### SERVICE

This section contains information which will aid qualified service personnel in the servicing and alignment of your receiver.

### CHASSIS REMOVAL

The top cover is held by four screws — two each side. The bottom cover is held by six screws on the underside of the unit.

### IF ALIGNMENT

### EQUIPMENT REQUIRED:

AC Voltmeter Calibrated RF Signal Generator Non-Metallic Alignment Tool (GC No. 8722 or equiv.)

- 1. Connect a loudspeaker to the output terminals. Remove the local oscillator V3, 6BE6, from its socket.
- 2. Set the receiver controls as follows:

FUNCTION switch on REC AM
AF GAIN control to maximum
SELECTIVITY control on AM-CW-SSB
IF GAIN control 3/4 full position
MVC-AVC switch on MVC
ANL off

- 3. Connect the voltmeter (3 volt AC range) across the speaker terminals.
- 4. Connect the signal generator between pin 7 of V2 socket (6BE6 mixer tube) and ground.
- 5. Set the signal generator at 455KC and modulate it with either 400 or 1000 cycles (30%).
- 6. Adjust the secondary and primary of IF transformers T4, T3 and T2 (see Fig. A). Follow the order given secondary first, then primary in each case. Topside adjustments are secondaries, bottom of chassis adjustments are primaries.

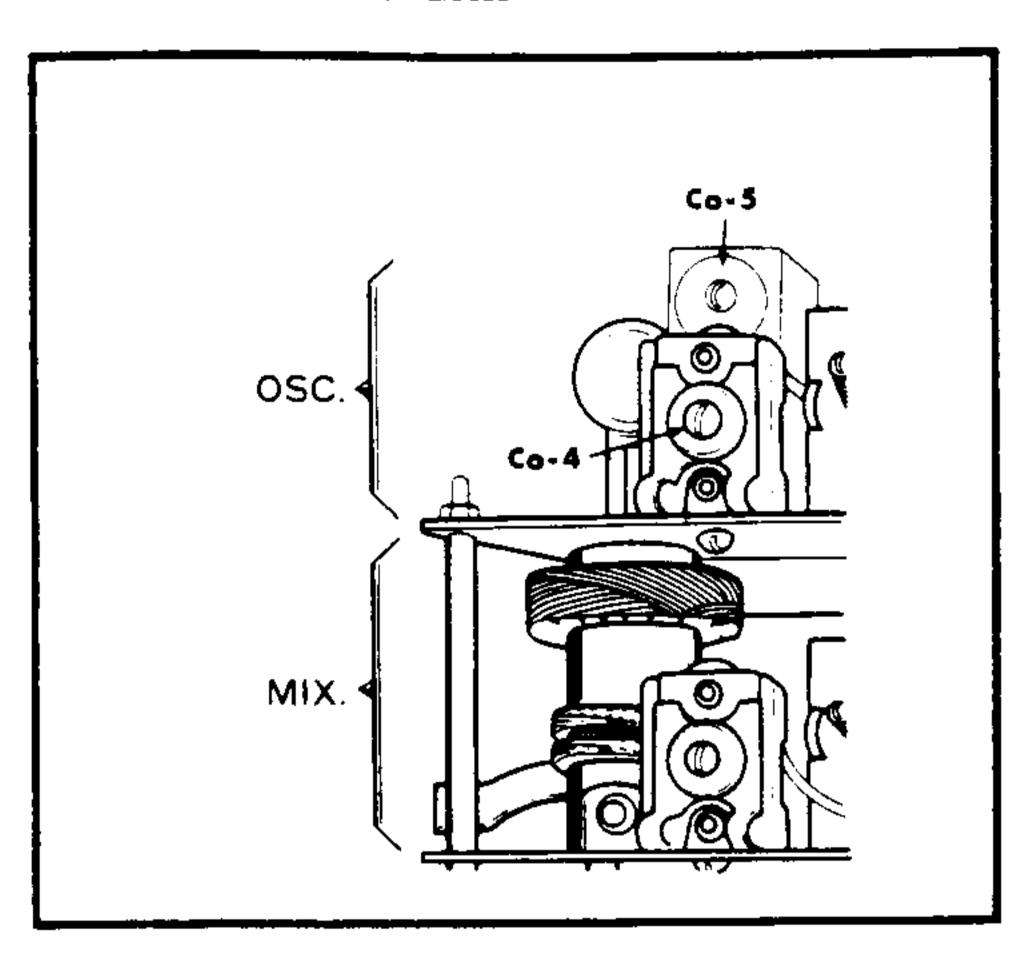
During alignment, lower the generator output progressively to prevent overloading. Repeat alignment until no further improvement is noted.

### BFO AND Q-MULTIPLIER ADJUSTMENT

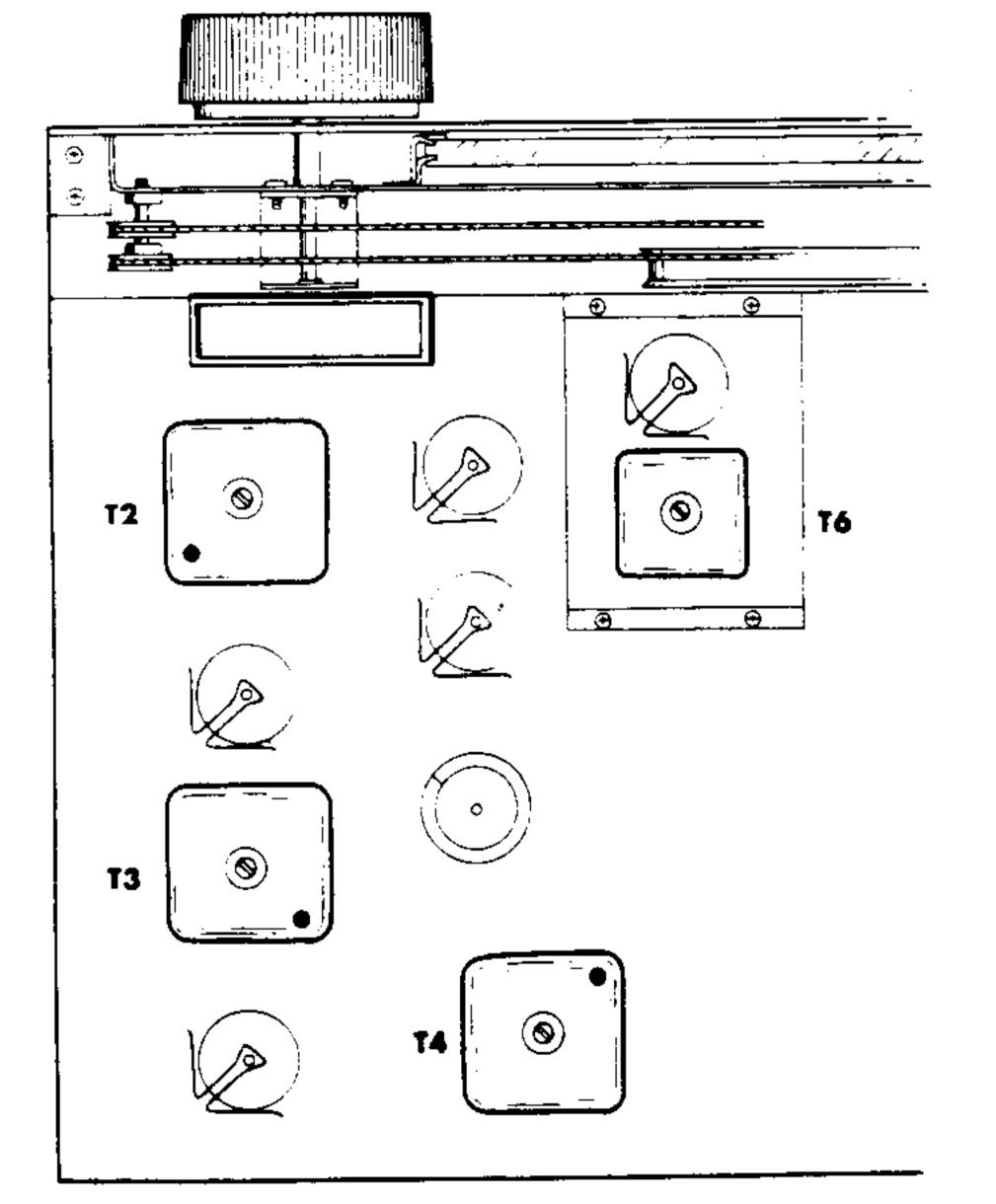
1. All receiver controls should be set as in the IF alignment with the exception of the following:

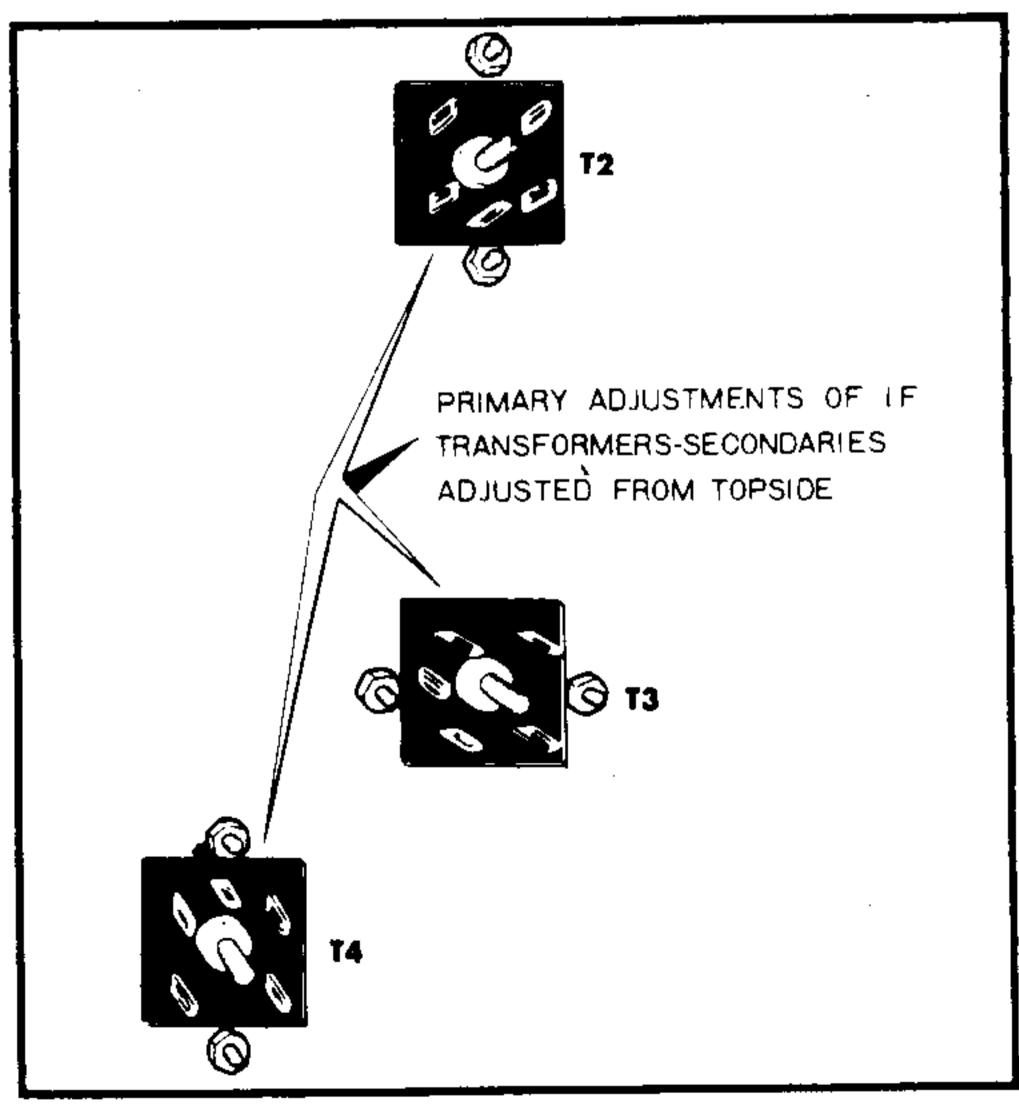
FUNCTION switch to Q-MULT BFO-Q-MULT FREQUENCY to mid-position (white dot) Reduce AF GAIN

- 2. Set the generator to 455KC, unmodulated RF.
- 3. Adjust the BFO coil T6 (located next to V4, Q-MULT) until a zero beat is heard (also accompanied by a minimum reading on the voltmeter. Note that the minimum point will be bracketed by a peak on each side).



THESE TWO ADJUSTMENTS MADE WITH BOTTOM COVER REMOVED-REMAINDER OF RE ALIGNMENT CARRIED OUT WITH COVER IN PLACE





### RF ALIGNMENT

- 1. Replace V3, 6BE6 local oscillator, in its socket.
- 2. Using a short jumper wire, connect antenna terminals A2 and E together.
- 3. Connect AC voltmeter (3 volt range) and loudspeaker across speaker terminals.
- 4. Connect the modulated output of the RF signal generator to antenna terminals A1 and E.
- 5. Rotate the ANT TRIM control until the capacitor plates are half-meshed. If the indicator dot on control knob is not at the

- 12 o'clock position, loosen set screw, place knob in this position and tighten screw again (without disturbing position of capacitor plates). Do not change control from the 12 o'clock position until alignment is completed.
- 6. Set all receiver controls as for IF alignment. Set BANDSPREAD pointer at 100 on Logging Scale and make sure FUNCTION switch is on REC AM.
- 7. Carry out alignment as indicated in the chart.

Note: Lower generator output progressively to prevent overloading as circuit come into line.

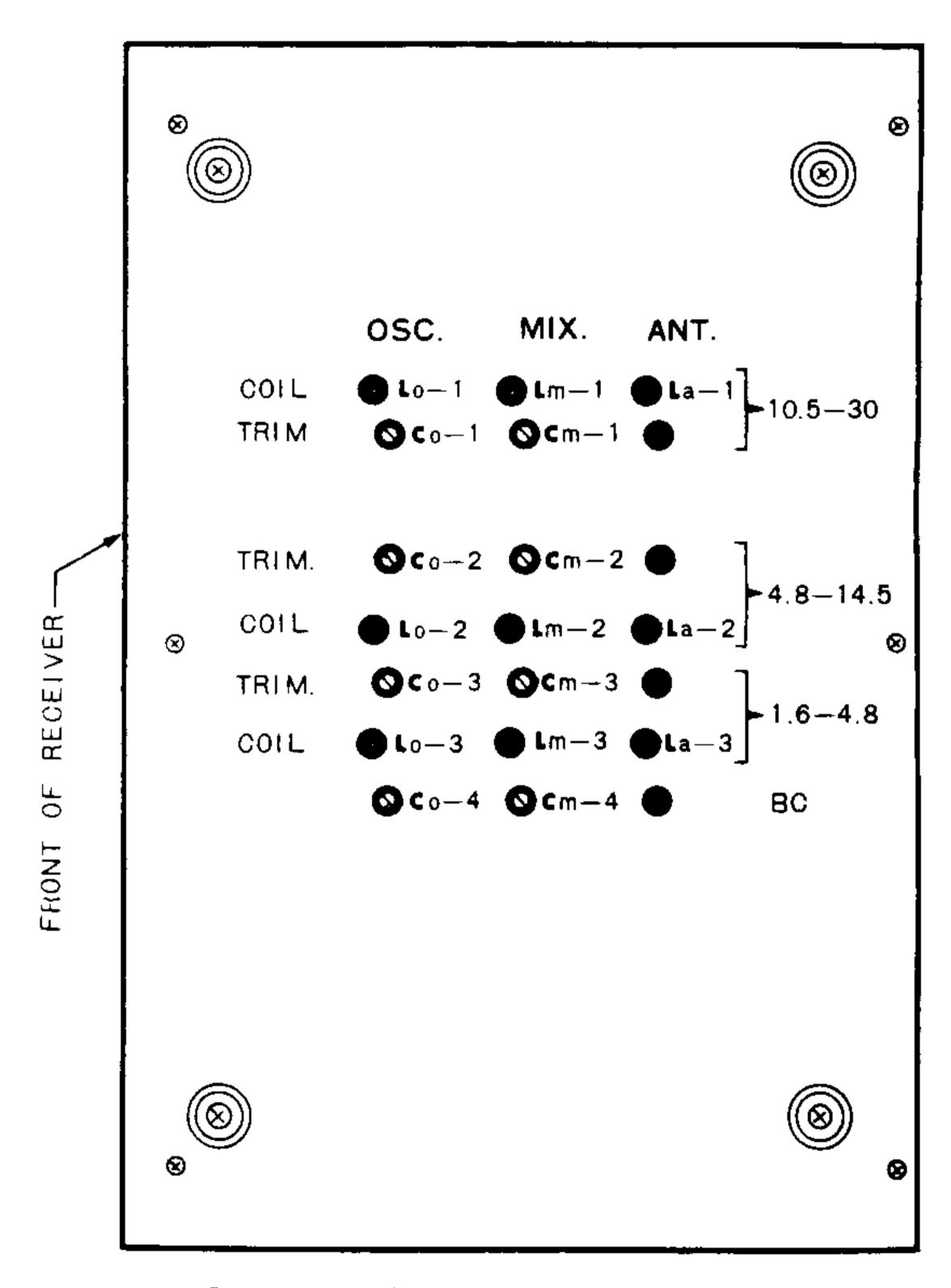


Figure B. LOCATION OF RF ADJUSTMENTS

### RF ALIGNMENT CHART

| STEP              | BAND<br>SELECTOR                   | SIGNAL<br>GENERATOR        | MAIN<br>TUNING              | ADJUST                                   | REMARKS   | VIEW        |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|-------------|
| 1                 | .55-1.6                            | .6 MC (600KC)              | .6 MC                       | Co-5 (Osc) *                             |   | <u> </u>    |
| 2                 | .55-1.6                            | 1.4 MC (1400 KC)           | 1.4 MC                      | Co-4 (Osc)                               | Adjust for peak reading on voltmeter              | Figure<br>A |
| Repeat der of the | steps 1 & 2 unti<br>he alignment n | l calibration is corre     | ect at both or ith the bott | ends of scale (.6 a<br>om cover in place | nd 1.4 MC). The remain-<br>e. Remove power first. |             |
| 3                 | .55-1.6                            | 1,4 MC (1400KC)            | 1,4 MC                      | Cm-4 (mixer)                             |   |             |
| 4                 | 1.6-4.8                            | 2.0 MC                     | 2.0 MC                      | Lo-3 (Osc)                               | Adjust for peak reading on voltmeter              |             |
| 5                 | 1.6-4.B                            | 4.0 MC                     | 4.0 MC                      | Co-3 (Osc)                               | 3   |             |
| Repeat            | steps 4 and 5 i                    | until calibration is co    | orrect at bo                | th ends of the sca                       | le (2.0 and 4.0 MC)                               |             |
| 6                 | 1.6-4.8                            | 2.0 MC                     | 2.0 MC                      | Lm-3 (mixer)                             | Adjust for peak                                   |             |
| 7                 | 1.6-4.8                            | 4.0 MC                     | 4.0 MC                      | Cm-3 (mixer)                             | reading on voltmeter                              |             |
| Repeat            | <br>steps 6 and 7 a                | until calibration is co    | orrect at bo                | th ends of the sca                       | le (2.0 and 4.0 MC)                               |             |
| 8                 | 1.6-4.8                            | 2,0 MC                     | 2.0 MC                      | La-3 (Ant)                               |   |             |
| 9                 | 4.8-14.5                           | 5.0 MC                     | 5.0 MC                      | Lo-2 (Osc)                               | Adjust for peak                                   |             |
| 10                | 4.8-14.5                           | 14.0 MC                    | 14.0 MC                     | Co-2 (Osc)                               | reading on voltmeter                              | T:          |
|                   | steps 8 and 9                      | until calibration is co    | <br>orrect at bo            | th ends of the sca                       | ale (5.0 and 14.0 MC)                             | Figure      |
| 11                | 4.8-14.5                           | 5.0 MC                     | 5.0 MC                      | Lm-2 (mixer)                             | Adjust for peak                                   | B           |
| 12                | 4.8-14.5                           | 14.0 MC                    | 14.0 MC                     | Cm-2 (mixer)                             | reading on voltmeter                              |             |
|                   |                                    |                            | }                           | both ends of the                         | scale (5.0 and 14.0 MC)                           |             |
| 13                | 4.8-14.5                           | 5.0 MC                     | 5.0 MC                      | La-2 (Ant)                               |   |             |
|                   |                                    |                            | 13.0 MC                     | Lo-1 (Osc)                               | Adjust for peak                                   |             |
| 14                | 10.5-30                            | 13.0 MC                    |                             |  | reading on voltmeter                              |             |
| 15                | 10.5-30                            | 28.0 MC                    | 28.0 MC                     | Co-1 (Osc)                               | - /12 0 amd 28 0 MCV                              |             |
| Repeat            | steps 14 and 1<br>I                | 5 until calibration 19<br> | correct at                  | Dott ends of scar                        | e (13.0 and 28.0 MC)                              |             |
| 16                | 10.5-30                            | 13.0 MC                    | 13.0 MC                     | Lm-l (mixer)                             | Adjust for peak                                   |             |
| 17                | 10.5-30                            | 28.0 MC                    | 28.0 MC                     | Cm-l (mixer)                             | reading on voltmeter                              |             |
| Repeat            | steps 16 and 1                     | 7 until calibration is     | correct at                  | both ends of scal                        | e (13.0 and 28.0 MC)                              |             |
| 18                | 10.5-30                            | 13.0 MC                    | 13.0 MC                     | La-l (Ant)                               | Adjust for peak reading on voltmeter              |             |

<sup>\*</sup>NOTE: On all bands, the oscillator should be set on the high frequency side of the incoming signal.

### **VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS**

Voltages taken with receiver controls in the following positions

BANDSPREAD pointer at 0 on Logging Scale

MAIN TUNING pointer at 0 on Logging Scale

FUNCTION switch on REC AM

AF GAIN control fully counter-clockwise (minimum)

SELECTIVITY control on AM-CW-SSB

BFO-Q-MULT FREQUENCY control on midposition (white dot)

BAND SEL on .55 - 1.6

IF GAIN control fully counter-clockwise (minimum)

MVC-AVC switch on AVC

ANL switch on "off" position

Short A1, A2 and E with jumper wire

Voltage selector switch in 117 volt position

|          |                            |           |         | SOCKET  | PIN NU | MBERS |       |      |     |   |
|----------|----------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|--------|-------|-------|------|-----|---|
|          |                            | 1         | 2       | 3       | 4      | 5     | 6     | 7    | 8   | 9 |
|          | RF<br>V1 (6BA6)            | 0         | 0       | 6.3V AC | 0      | 135   | 135   | 3,5  | -   | - |
|          | MIXER<br>V2 (6BE6)         | -7.7      | 3.6     | 6.3V AC | 0      | 125   | 125   | 0    |     | - |
|          | OSC<br>V3 (6BE6)           | -7.7      | 0       | 6.3V AC | 0      | 125   | 125   | 1 25 | _   | - |
| <b>*</b> | Q-MULT<br>V4 (6AV6)        | **2.2 Meg | ##3.3 K | 6.3V AC | 0      | 0     | 0     | 135  | _   | - |
| ***      | lst IF<br>V5 (6BA6)        | 0         | 0       | 6.3V AC | 0      | 135   | 135   | 19   | _   | - |
|          | 2nd IF<br>V6 (6BA6)        | 0         | 0       | 6.3V AC | 0      | 135   | 135   | 19   | •   | - |
|          | Detector, ANL<br>lst audio |           |         |         |        |       |       |      |     |   |
|          | V7 (6AV6)                  | 35        | 0       | 6.3V AC | 0      | 06    | 08    | 70   | -   | - |
|          | Audio Output<br>V8 (6AQ5)  | 0         | 7       | 6.3V AC | 0      | 200   | 135   | NC   | _   | - |
|          | Rectifier<br>V9 (5Y3)      | NC        | 205     | NC      | 200AC  | NC    | 200AC | NC   | 205 | - |

<sup>\*</sup> Place FUNCTION switch in Q-MULT position and remove V4 from socket. Check voltage from top of socket (numbering is now counter-clockwise).

- 1. Voltages taken with 20,000 ohms per volt meter and, unless otherwise noted, measured from chassis ground to joint indicated.
- 2. Line voltage maintained at 117V AC for these measurements.
- 3. Tolerance on components permits a variation of  $\pm 15\%$  in readings.
- 4. All voltages DC unless otherwise noted.

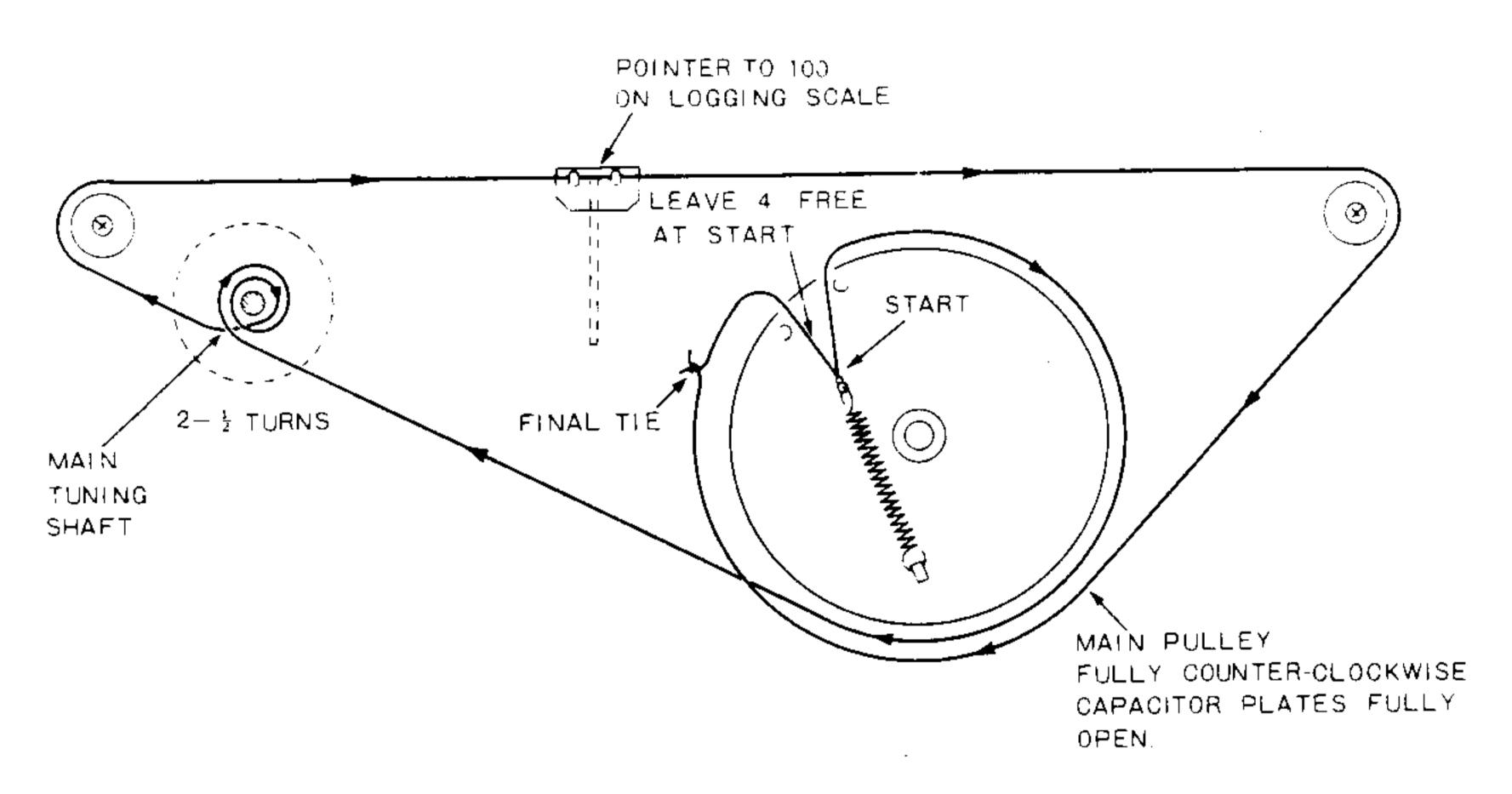
<sup>\*\*</sup> Resistance measurements taken at these pins -- REMOVE AC POWER FROM THE UNIT FIRST. After resistance measurements have been taken, turn the unit on again. Permit 2 minutes for warm-up.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Before taking voltage measurements on V5 (see chart above) return the FUNCTION switch to REC-AM.

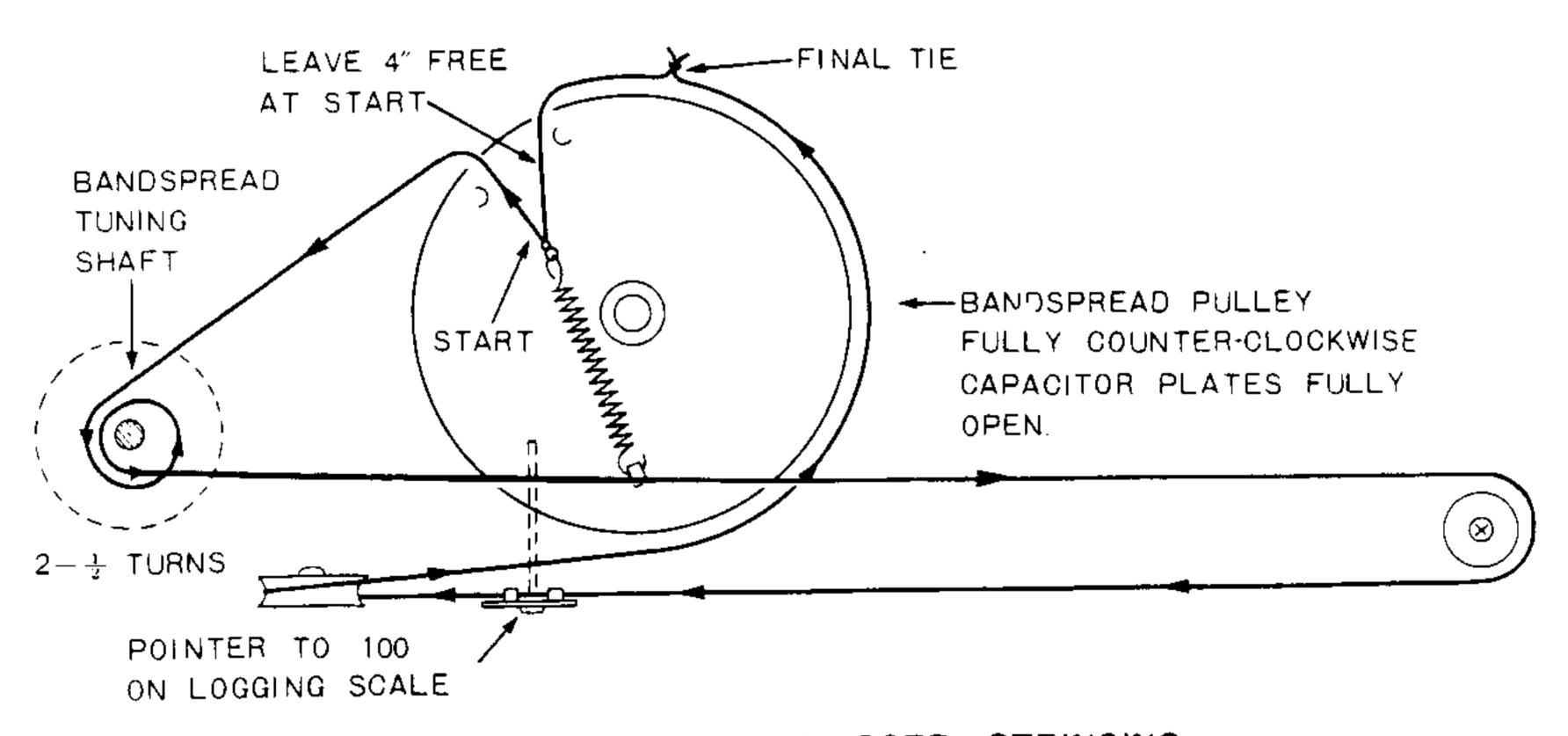
### DIAL CORD STRINGING

Set main or bandspread tuning capacitor as indicated. In both cases, tie dial cord to spring at the START point, leaving approximately 4 inches of cord free at this point. Restring in the

direction indicated, keeping a moderate amount of tension on the cord. Make final tie to free end of cord from spring after cutting off any excess cord.



### MAIN TUNING DIAL CORD STRINGING



BANDSPREAD DIAL CORD STRINGING

### PARTS LIST

| CIRCUIT DESIGNATION       | DESCRIPTION                        | QUANTITY |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|
| C1, C5                    | 250 mmfd, mica                     | 2        |
| C2, C4, C6, C7, C13, C14, | #00 11.11.1.W, 11.1.U              |          |
| C15, C16, C17, C18, C19   | 0.01 mfd, disc                     | 11       |
| C3                        | 0.05 mfd, tubular                  | 1        |
| C8, C20, C22              | 100 mmfd, mica                     | 3        |
| C9. C20, C22              | 0.005 mfd, disc                    | 1        |
| C10                       | 0.001 mfd, mica                    | 1        |
| C10<br>C11                | 0.003 mfd, mica                    | 1        |
| C12                       | 500 mmfd, mica                     | 1        |
| C21, C23, C28             | 0.01 mfd, tubular                  | 3        |
| C24, C25, C25             | 10 mfd, electrolytic               | 1        |
| C25                       | 0.005 mfd, tubular                 | 1        |
| C26, C27                  | 40 — 40 mfd, 300 volt electrolytic | 1        |
| C29A                      | Main Tuning Capacitor              | 1        |
| C29B                      | Band Spread Tuning Capacitor       | 1        |
| C30                       | Antenna Trimmer                    | 1        |
| C31                       | 50 mmfd, variable capacitor (BFO)  | 1        |
| R1                        | 47 ohm, 1/4 watt                   | 1        |
| R2, R4                    | 1M (meg) ohm, 1/4 watt             | 2        |
| R3, R5, R13               | 330 ohm, 1/2 watt                  | 3        |
| R6                        | 22K (kil) ohm, 1/4 watt            | 1        |
| R7. R11, R14, R16         | 1 K ohm. 1/2 watt                  | 4        |
| R8                        | 22 K ohm, 1/2 watt                 | 1        |
| R9, R18                   | 2.2 M ohm, 1/4 watt                | 2        |
| R10                       | 3.3 K ohm, 1 2 watt                | 1        |
| R12                       | 100 K ohm, 1/4 watt                | 1        |
| R15                       | 2.2 K ohm, 1/4 watt                | 1        |
| R17                       | 47 K ohm, 1/4 watt                 | 1        |
| R19                       | 4.7 M ohm, 1/4 watt                | 1 .      |
| R20                       | 220 K ohm, 1/2 watt                | 1        |
| R21                       | 470 K ohm, 1/4 watt                | 1        |
| R22                       | 470 ohm, 1 watt                    | 1        |
| R23                       | 2 K ohm, 10 watts                  | 1        |
| R24                       | 10 K ohm, IF Gain Control          | 1        |
| R25                       | 500 K ohm, Audio Gain Control      | 1        |
| R26                       | 10 K ohm, Selectivity Control      | 1        |
| R27                       | 30 ohm, 1/4 watt                   | 1        |
| R28                       | 500 ohm, S-meter Zero Adjust       | 1        |
| V1, V5, V6                | 6BA6                               | 3        |
| V2, V3                    | 6BE6                               | 2        |
| V4, V7                    | 6AV6                               | 2        |
| V8                        | 6AQ5                               | 1        |
| V9                        | 5Y3                                | 1        |
| PL                        | No. 40 light bulb                  | . 2      |
| S1                        | FUNCTION Switch                    | 1        |
| S2                        | BAND SEL Switch                    | 1        |
| S3                        | SPDT Input Voltage Selector        | 1        |
| <b>\$4</b>                | CW-SSB Switch (On R26)             | 1        |
|                           |                                    |          |

### PARTS LIST

| CIRCUIT DESIGNATION | DESCRIPTION  | QUANTITY |
|---------------------|--|----------|
| S5                  | SPST ANL OFF — ON Switch   | 1        |
| S6                  | SPST MVC — AVC Switch  | 1        |
| <b>T1</b>           | Power Transformer  | 1        |
| T2, T3, T4          | IF Transformer (455 KC)  | 3        |
| T5                  | Output Transformer   | 1        |
| T6<br>T7            | Q-MULTIPLIER Coil<br>Filament Transformer                                  | 1        |
| M1                  | S-Meter  | 1        |
| J1                  | Antenna Input Jack   | ī        |
| J2                  | Earphone Jack  | 1        |
| J3                  | External Control Jack  | 1        |
| P1                  | External Control Plug  | 1        |
|                     | Dial Pointer   | 1        |
|                     | Small Knobs  | 6        |
|                     | Large Tuning Knobs   | 2        |
|                     | Antenna Trimmer Knob   | 1        |
|                     | Fuse Holder  | 1        |
|                     | Q-Multiplier Assembly Chassis  | 1        |
|                     | Glass Dial Plate   | 1        |
|                     | Fly Wheels   | 2        |
|                     | Pilot Light Assembly   | 1        |
|                     | Top Cabinet Cover  | 1        |
|                     | 7-Pin Miniature Socket   | 8        |
|                     | Octal Socket   | 1        |
|                     | Bottom Cabinet Cover   | 1        |
|                     | Main Chassis   | 1        |
|                     | .55 — 1.6 MC Antenna Coil, Non-adjustable                                  |          |
| 7 0                 | (located in ANT section)   | 1        |
| La-3                | 1.6 — 4.8 MC Antenna Coil, Adjustable                                      | 1        |
| La-2                | 4.8 — 14.5 MC Antenna Coil, Adjustable                                     | 1        |
| La-1                | 10.5 — 30 MC Antenna Coil, Adjustable                                      | 1        |
|                     | .55 — 1.6 Mixer Coil, Non-adjustable                                       | •        |
| T 2                 | (located in the MIXER section)   | 1        |
| Lm-3                | 1.6 — 4.8 MC Mixer Coil, Adjustable  | 1        |
| Lm-2                | 4.8 — 14.5 MC Mixer Coil, Adjustable                                       | 1        |
| Lm-1                | 10.5 30 MC Mixer Coil, Adjustable  | 1        |
|                     | .55 — 1.6 MC Oscillator Coil, Non-adjustable                               | •        |
| Lo-3                | (located in the OSCILLATOR section)  | 1<br>1   |
| Lo-3<br>Lo-2        | 1.6 — 4.8 MC Oscillator Coil, Adjustable                                   | 1        |
| Lo-2<br>Lo-1        | 4.8 — 14.5 MC Oscillator Coil, Adjustable                                  | 1        |
| Cm-4                | 10.5 — 30 MC Oscillator Coil, Adjustable                                   |          |
| Cm-3                | .55 — 1.6 MC Mixer Trimmer Capacitor 1.6 — 4.8 MC Mixer Trimmer Capacitor  | 1        |
| Cm-2                | _  | · 1      |
| Cm-1                | 4.8 — 14.5 MC Mixer Trimmer Capacitor 10.5 — 30 MC Mixer Trimmer Capacitor | 1        |
| Co-4                | .55 — 1.6 MC Oscillator Trimmer Capacitor                                  | 1        |
| Co-3                | 1.6 — 4.8 MC Oscillator Trimmer Capacitor                                  | 1        |
| Co-2                | 4.8 — 14.5 MC Oscillator Trimmer Capacitor                                 | 1        |
| Co-2<br>Co-1        | 10.5 — 30 MC Oscillator Trimmer Capacitor                                  | 1        |
| ~ ~ ~               | 10.0 00 1/10 Cociliator Arminor Capacitor                                  | 4        |